

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. XIII.

QU'APPELLE STATION, N. W. T., THURSDAY, OCT. 13, 1898.

No. 52

FURNITURE. FURNITURE.

HAVING enlarged our premises this season, which gives us a floor depth of eighty five feet, we can now show the largest stock and finest assortment of furniture ever exhibited in the town of Qu'Appelle Station. We can suit the most fastidious; or the new beginner, with a cheap outfit.

Wedding and Holiday Presents a Specialty.

Church and School Furniture of the Newest Designs

PRICES RIGHT!

We are always pleased to show customers through our stock.

J. DOOLITTLE & CO.

ATTENTION, BUYERS!

Our fall stock is now complete in every line. Special values in Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, and Footwear of all kinds for fall and winter.

A full stock of Groceries at lowest possible prices,

S. H. Gaswell & Co.

SUPPORT HOME INDUSTRY

Qu'Appelle Valley Flour Mills,
Fort Qu'Appelle. (Established 1884.)

GRISTING—

Bran, Shorts, Chop, Chopped Feed.

FLOUR—

Hungarian Patent, Strong Bakers Graham.

Chopper for grinding feed stuff. Full supply always on hand at CREAMER & GRAY'S, QU'APPELLE STATION.

JOYNER & ELKINGTON, Proprietors.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

LEGAL.

A. D. DICKSON, Barrister, Advocate, Solicitor, etc.
Office, first door south of the Queen's Hotel, Qu'Appelle St.

MEDICAL.

D. R. E. CARTHEW, Qu'Appelle, Physician, Surgeon, Coroner Etc. Graduate Toronto University and Licentiate College Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

W. HENDERSON, M.D.C.M., Graduate of McGill University, Licentiate of College of Physicians and Surgeons, N.W.T. Office at home.

BUSINESS CARDS.

The Leland Hotel,
QU'APPELLE STATION, ASSA.

The most popular house in the west. Modern conveniences. Home comforts. First-class cuisine. Choice liquors and cigars. Good sample rooms for commercial travellers. Convenient to railway. Headquarters for stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.

THOS. BLACKWELL, Prop.

The Queen's Hotel.

Thos. Hilliard, Prop.

FIRST-Class accommodation for guests. Table supplied with the best in the market. Fine sample rooms for commercial travellers. Choice brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Porter meets all trains. Rates \$1 per day.

Always on Hand

Fresh fruits according to season. General line of Groceries, Evaporated and dried apples. All kinds of candies. Scribbling books, pencils, slates, etc., at

Mrs. E. Ambler's.

ELECTIONS

For the Territories Will be held about November 1st

Special to the Progress—

Regina Oct., 13th.—The official oaths were administered to his Honor, A. E. Forget, this afternoon, by Chief Justice Richardson. The ceremony took place at 3.30 p. m. at the Court House, before a large concourse of the citizens, of Regina. Immediately at the close of this ceremony a congratulatory address was presented by the Municipal Council of Regina. His Honor and Madame Forget were warmly received by their numerous friends in Regina and vicinity.

His Honor states that the Assembly will be dissolved immediately and the elections held about the 1st of November.

Some interesting facts by J. S. Macdonald about the Government Telegraph Route.

Mr. J. S. Macdonald, District Superintendent of Government Telegraphs, returned on Saturday from the annual trip of inspection, of the lines, having travelled from Qu'Appelle to Edmonton by buckboard, a distance of 700 miles. He then proceeded by rail to Banff, to inspect the telephone system in the National Park, after which he returned to Qu'Appelle. Mr. Macdonald being asked for some notes on his trip, said that the country generally through which he travelled appeared to be prospering. Owing to the distance from a railway of the majority of places visited, cattle-raising was the principal industry. A large number of ranches have gone into the Touchwood country during the past few years and the shipments of cattle made from Qu'Appelle this season prove their success. At Saskatoon the harvest was excellent, as was also the case at Battleford, where the where the grain had been garnered before frost came. The Battleford district has become celebrated for the quality of cattle raised there, large numbers of which are annually driven to Saskatoon and shipped from that station. This season several hundred "stockers" have been shipped from the East to Battleford, where they will be kept two years before being re-shipped. The people of that town are looking forward anxiously for the coming of a railroad, and as there is a magnificent farming country lying north of the Saskatoon, as also between the Battle and Saskatchewan rivers this cannot be long delayed.

At Onion Lake, almost 100 miles west of Battleford, on the north side of the Saskatchewan, there is a large Indian Reservation, of which Mr. G. G. Mann is agent. On this reservation comparatively little grain is grown, the energies of the Indians being turned to cattle raising and so far with gratifying success.

A few miles west of Onion Lake the wire passes alongside the graves of the victims of the Frog Lake massacre, whose bodies were not removed by friends. The palings surrounding the graves are falling down; the wooden slabs erected to mark the spot where the men lay are rotting and the whole place bears a neglected and forsaken appearance.

Farther west is St. Paul des Metis, on Egg Lake. This is a reserve of four townships granted by the government, for the purpose of inducing the wandering half-breeds to settle down and become farmers.

Between twenty and thirty half-breed families are now living on the reserve, which is under the control of the Roman Catholic church. The settlement is a sort of Commune, most of the implements and machines being provided by the church. The experiment is an interesting one and will be productive of much good, should it prove a success, as the majority of the residents are old time buffalo hunters who have retained their nomadic habits—a class of men who find it difficult to settle down to steady work.

Between Victoria and Edmonton a distance of 70 miles, a large colony of the much discussed Galicians are settled. Mr. Macdonald states that so far as he could learn, they are a hard-working, industrious class of people, anxious to learn the English language and Canadian methods of working. Those of them who have been in the country for two or three years, have made good progress; but those arriving during the past year are apparently very poor and may require assistance during the coming winter.

At various points along the river men were washing for gold, but the bars appear to be giving out, the results being less favorable each year.

Mr. Macdonald was much taken with Edmonton, which he considers the most go-ahead town in the Territories and one with a bright future before it. So far from the collapse of the Klondyke boom having injured it, building is going on in all directions. The railway bridge across the Saskatchewan should be completed during the coming winter everything being now ready for the superstructure and with the advent of the railway Edmonton should soon rival Calgary, in point of size and volume of business.

Encouraging Reports in the Northwest.

The director of the Experimental farms has very encouraging news from the superintendents of the branch experimental farms in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories, where, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather during harvest, the grain both in quantity and quality is turning out remarkably well.

Under date of Sept. 26th, Mr. Angus McKay, Superintendent of the farm at Indian Head, says: "From all parts of this district wheat is turning out even better than expected, both in yield and quality. The lowest yet reported is twenty-eight bushels per acre on stubble land, while many have over thirty bushels with same sort of farming. The crops on summer-fallow land are going from thirty to forty-five bushels, so that taking the whole district there will be an average of thirty to thirty-five bushels per acre."

Mr. S. A. Bedford, Superintendent of the Brandon farm, writes in a similar encouraging strain, stating that the wheat crop in the Brandon district is proving a much better one than was anticipated.—Farmers Advocate.

This last week, says the Yorkton Enterprise, Jno. Paul, cattle buyer at Prince Albert for Gordon and Ironside, reached here with 700 head of cattle to go over the M. & N.W. Ry. Number of cattle shipped was 1,430, and 260 sheep. It took five trains to transport the cattle, one train being thirty cars in length. The average price paid was about \$43 per head. The cattle train brought in 485 stockers, which, after being branded, will be taken over the trail to Prince Albert.

Council Minutes.

Minutes of a regular meeting of the Council of the Municipality of South Qu'Appelle, held in the Council Chamber on Monday, Oct. 3rd, 1898.

Present, Councillors, Dale, Broley, Cates and Jones.

Broley—Jones—That Councillor Cates take the chair. Carried.

The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

A report was received from Jas. Smith as road overseer and weed inspector district No. 4.

The finance committee reported as follows:

The finance committee recommend as follows: That entry be made in the books crediting the general fund with the \$100 paid by N.W. Government on account of loss on tax sale.

That the following payments be made from general fund:

Salary, Sec. Treas., Sep. 1	\$62 50
Postage,	12 85
Land office fees	40
Printing tax rolls and receipts	25 25
Weed Insp. salary, dis 4	10 00
Salary road overseer, "	63 00

Also the adoption of the Secretary-Treasurer's report of funds on hand, \$831.18.

Transfer of funds: \$27.75 standing in pound stock sales, and \$47 standing in license fund, to be transferred to general fund.

Also cheque to be drawn for the \$128 standing in mill bonus fund and the amount forwarded to the Imperial Bank of Canada, to be placed at the credit of the municipality.

The Secretary-Treasurer's statement showed the following funds on hand:

Gen. Municipal Fund	\$ 2 39
Mill Bonus	128 33
Statute Labor	97 16
Legislative grant	254 00
Cemetery	8 50
Pound stock sale	37 75
License fund	47 00
School District No. 2	160 24
"	34 53
"	174 2 60
"	244 2 40
"	337 22 40
"	357 33 88

Total \$831 18

The auditor reported, certifying to the correctness of the Secretary-Treasurer's statement of the balances to the credit of the various accounts on the 30th of September.

Dale—Broley—That the report be read be adopted. Carried.

Broley—Jones—Councillor Cates was empowered to have the road put in repair between Sec. 55 and 26, 17, 16, provided the cost does not exceed \$25.

A communication was received from J. H. MacCaul re salary.

Dale—Jones—That the communication of Mr. MacCaul be acceded to and filed.

Jones—Dale—That the Sec. Treas. be instructed to purchase a coal stove for use in the council chamber. Carried.

Council then adjourned.

Edgeley.

Rev. Mr. Ball, representing the Jubilee Singers, will give a gramophone Entertainment, in the Edgeley Football Hall, next Wednesday evening, 12th inst. The low admission prices of 25 and 15 cents, will very likely secure a good house, as the entertainment is strictly high class and has a good reputation.

Mr. Robinson, photographer of Broadview who did such good work in our district last summer, paid us a flying visit this week.

Harvesting and threshing, which has been interrupted by the recent snow storm will be continued this week with greater force than ever.

Our Public School was closed last Friday on account of the attendance of the teacher at the Convention at Indian Head.

Dr. Hunt of Indian Head paid this district a professional visit, last Sunday.

We are sorry to state that Mr. Whittingham's little daughter, Agnes, is very low at present but we hope she will soon recover as she is a general favorite.



CHAPTER III.

It was one of the most famous trials that ever took place in the great metropolis. The court-room was crowded day after day, the throngs drawn thither because of the prominence the newspapers had given the affair. The great majority, however, came from curiosity, eager to behold the prisoner's lovely young daughter, concerning whom so much had been written.

Andrew Carr sat as immovable as a statue, his head bent on his breast, his eyes on the floor, and his hands tightly clinched together. He did not even seem to heed the presence of Jessy, who sat so near him, scanning intently the faces of the jurors and the stern countenance of the judge.

The girl did not even seem to realize the attention she was creating. She was oblivious of the presence of the multitude of people who pressed into every available inch of space in the vast court-room.

The district attorney had opened the prosecution early on the never-to-be-forgotten day which ended the trial, and those who listened to the thrilling words that fell like scathing coals of fire from his lips never forgot them.

It was noticed that not even for an instant from the first to the last day did he allow his gaze to rest one instant on the face of the young girl as he pointed out to the jury their duty, according to the evidence, and the verdict they must bring in if they would stamp out crime and deal with criminals as the law and the safety of the people dictated.

There was one man among the spectators who always came in quietly, sitting near the door, almost wholly screened by the huge posts, who listened with breathless anxiety to the evidence and the whispered expressions of the people as to the result of the trial.

The few who noticed the peculiar actions of the well-dressed stranger thought he must be quite enamored with the prisoner's lovely daughter, for he would watch her long hours, like one fascinated.

No one was surprised at the result of the great trial—that the prisoner should be found guilty—though they pitied profoundly the fair young girl upon whom the blow fell so keenly. It caused something of a sensation when the verdict of ten years in State's prison was rendered. Jessy Carr sprang to her feet, turned her deathly white face and blazing blue eyes upon the district attorney, pointing at him, though she uttered no words.

James Van Driscoll was heartily glad when the disagreeable affair was over, as he told his friend, Mr. Hamilton, when he called at the latter's fine up-town mansion to dine with the family the following evening.

"No doubt—no doubt," returned his host. "It has kept you remarkably busy for the last few weeks. We hope, however, to see more of you now."

"I had almost feared I was wearing my welcome out by coming too often," returned Van Driscoll.

"You are always welcome, my boy," declared Mr. Hamilton. "There is no one whom I care to see more than yourself."

A flush suffused Van Driscoll's face. Would there ever be a better opening for what he wished to say than this? He thought not, and before Mr. Hamilton could introduce any other subject, he said, quietly—

"I—I wonder, sir, if your daughter Gertrude would say the same thing?" and the voice which ventured the question was a trifle husky.

"I have every reason to believe so. She was asking about you only to-day, wondering why you had not been here for nearly a fortnight," and he added, carelessly: "It has turned out to be a fine day."

"Then she really missed me?" said James Van Driscoll, eagerly. "That—that would imply she has an interest in me," he said, determined that his host should not change a subject which interested him so vitally, and which he was trying so hard to lead up to.

Mr. Hamilton gave him a quick, sharp glance. He knew instinctively what was on the young man's mind that he wished to say; but he would not help him out with it. He hoped with all his heart to have him for a son-in-law, but he was too wise to show it—too thoroughly a man of the world to intimate it by the slightest word.

"Gertrude takes an interest in all my friends," observed Mr. Hamilton, quietly. "She does her best to please me by making them feel quite at home here."

Van Driscoll's face fell; but he was not to be put off in this manner, and he replied, boldly—

"I had hoped, Mr. Hamilton, that your daughter Gertrude looked upon me with a little more interest than she did the rest of your friends. I might as well go right ahead, sir, with what I have to say, in the belief there is no time like the present. The truth is, I love your

daughter Gertrude, and if you are willing, and I can win her, I should like to make her my wife."

"Well, well!" cried Mr. Hamilton, in a well-forgotten amazement. "This is indeed astonishing! You love my little Gertrude, and wish to marry her! I can scarcely believe that I have heard aright."

"I can not understand why it should have surprised you so much, sir," said the young man, honestly. "I have been coming here so very often of late, you must have realized that I had some object."

"I certainly felt that you had taken quite a fancy to my society," commented Mr. Hamilton.

"That is quite true," assented the young man; "but I must be frank in acknowledging you were not the magnet that drew me here so constantly. It was Gertrude. From the first moment I met her, life was not the same to me. I lived with but one thought before me—to win her love, and make her mine."

"Have you spoken to Gertrude concerning this matter?" asked Mr. Hamilton.

"No; I preferred to ask your permission to do so."

"Quite right—quite right," the father responded. "Well, my answer is, go ahead and win her, if you can, my boy, and those are hard words to say when I realize you are asking me if you may take from me my greatest earthly treasure. Gertrude is four-and-twenty. I have not been in a hurry for her to marry and leave me. She has made my home so happy, and—and, I must admit, that I have not encouraged suitors, dreading the result. My selfishness is beginning to dawn upon me, however, and the thought forces itself upon me that matters can not always go on in this way. I am getting along in years, and if anything were to happen to me suddenly, my beautiful Gertrude would be left alone in the world, but—for her brother Dick—and he is so wild, you know—just at the age when sowing his wild oats seems to be his chief employment. I feel that she should have some other strong arm and loving heart to lean upon than Dick's. You are my choice, of all the young men I know," he added, "and I repeat, you have my full consent to win Gertrude, if you can. I shall be quite willing to give her to you."

"I am a very impatient lover," said Van Driscoll. "If I can get the opportunity to speak to Gertrude after dinner concerning this, I shall certainly do so. I would like to take my answer back with me to-night."

"That means you would not like me to ask you to play a game of whist after dinner, as is our usual custom—you would rather talk to Gertrude?"

"If you would let me off this time, I should be very grateful," declared Van Driscoll, smiling.

It wanted an hour to dinner. He spent it smoking and talking earnestly with his host, thinking the time uncommonly long until he should see fair Gertrude at the dinner-table. He could hardly take his fascinated eyes from the portrait of her which hung on the wall opposite where he sat.

While this important interview was taking place between Mr. Hamilton and Van Driscoll, quite a different scene was being enacted in Gertrude Hamilton's dainty boudoir. Two young and beautiful girls sat side by side on a silken divan, eagerly discussing a grand reception which was to take place the following week.

There was a world of difference between the two girls, yet they were inseparable chums, and had been during their seminary days, and since they had come home, finished in education and ready to be launched out into society.

Pauline Oakes was brilliant and witty, with dark, jetty hair and laughing, sloe-black eyes fringed by the longest and silkiest of lashes with cheeks and lips red as a sun-kissed rose in early June.

It is a little difficult to describe Gertrude Hamilton, the beauty, she was so unlike other girls. The face which the light-brown hair framed was very fair. It might have been called beautiful, but for the proud expression the small, curled upper lip gave to it and the cold gleam of hauteur she gave you from out of the depths of her sea-blue eyes. She was the proudest girl in her set. This was no new title; it had been given by her nurses in early years, by the fair, laughing mother who had not lived to keep her child's pride in check, and by her father, who watched its development in dismay, wondering where it would end, though he was unconsciously fostering it day by day by giving the girl everything she desired. Nothing was new to her in the way of costly jewels, dresses, carriages—every luxury was hers without the trouble of asking for it—every wish anticipated. She ruled her father's magnificent home like a young princess. She had the proud air of one who has always been obeyed.

Although she had scores of admirers, her father could never see that she cared more for one than another. But old eyes are sometimes blind. There had been a very pretty romantic love affair going on beneath his very eyes, but he had not noticed it.

There lived across the way from the Hamiltons, in an equally imposing brown-stone mansion, Mr. Aldrich, a well-known banker. He had an only son, Stuart, who had been educated abroad—at Heidelberg University.

The first thing the young man did when he returned home from college was to fall desperately in love with his neighbor, Gertrude Hamilton.

Both wayward, impetuous, with strong, unbending wills, which had never known curbing, their friends feared for them if they should marry each other.

But the magnet of love which drew them together did not show them any obstacle to future peace, and when at last Stuart began to give way in everything to the will of his beautiful, imperious sweetheart, those who had been skeptical of their future before, lost their fears now, declaring the marriage would be sure to be a happy one. They had been quite ready to betroth themselves to each other for several weeks. It only needed the consent of Gertrude's father to settle the affair, but, for some unaccountable action of fate, every time the young man presented himself at the house to have the all-important interview with his fu-

ture father-in-law—as he ardently hoped he would be—some obstacle was sure to present itself in the shape of an inopportune caller or an important business transaction.

So he bided his time with patience, though he felt considerably anxious to have the betrothal settled and announced as an assured fact, thereby saving himself from the persistent attentions of the young girls who were continually flocking to his home to visit his mother, but obviously to be brought into contact with the handsome son—one young girl in particular, whom his mother fancied. She ended by requesting him to take her around, and make himself generally agreeable to her. He was always ready enough with plausible excuses; but, despite his lack of interest in her, the girl continued to come to his house, courting the mother for the son with an indefatigable zeal worthy of a better cause. Gertrude would not permit him to even hint of their love affair and the betrothal which was soon to end his perplexity; so what was the poor fellow to do?

To add to his discomfiture, Gertrude was decidedly jealous of his mother's pretty guest, and refused to meet her.

It was of Stuart Aldrich and this girl that Pauline Oakes and Gertrude were confidentially chatting at the time the district attorney was having his all-important interview in the library below with Mr. Hamilton.

"I met her at the matinee this afternoon," said Pauline. "She sat next to me, and between the acts, all she could talk about was Stuart—Stuart—Stuart. I could not help but give her a pretty broad hint that his attentions were bestowed elsewhere; but she would not take it. She ended by telling me that she was going out riding with Stuart tomorrow afternoon, saying that did not look as though he cared very much for any one else, and I could not help but hurry around to tell you about it."

Gertrude Hamilton's fair, proud face turned very pale, and she looked thoughtfully down at the flower she held in her hand.

"I can hardly credit the thought that Stuart would displease me as much as that," she said, slowly.

"I have a plan to propose," said Pauline, her dark, laughing eyes sparkling roughly. "Write a note to him, telling him not to take her riding. I will deliver it to him. You know I meet him almost every morning at the florist's, whether he goes to select a bouquet for his fair lady love—your own sweet self, Gertrude, dear—and many a time I help him out with my judgment in choosing the flowers."

"I will act upon your suggestion, Pauline," cried Gertrude; and on the spur of the moment she crossed over to her escritoire and dashed off the following lines:—

"Stuart—I have heard that you intend to take the young lady who is visiting your house out for a drive to-morrow afternoon. You have often heard me express myself on that subject. I will not have a lover who is at every other girl's beck and call. I can only add in conclusion: If you go driving with that young lady to-morrow afternoon, you may consider everything over between you and me. My decision is final. Now go, if you think best. Yours, in great haste,"

"GERTIE."

Sealing the letter, and affixing her dainty monogram in white wax, Gertrude handed it to her friend, who arose to take her departure.

"I am sure this will settle the matter," declared Pauline. "He will find some excuse for not taking her riding. Men can when they want to."

The two young girls embraced, kissed, and parted.

Outside the door, Pauline paused.

"I shall not give Gertrude's letter to Stuart until late to-morrow afternoon," she murmured. "By that time he will have returned from his ride with that girl—the ride which his mother and she has planned, and which he will know nothing about until the carriage is brought up to the door, and he is asked in her presence to take her out. He is so courteous he will hardly dare refuse, not having received Gertrude's note about it. It will be a cut to Gertrude's pride if she watches and sees him go. I should like to see her pride have a fall—that magnificent pride which she queens it over her girl friends—the Hamilton pride which is quite as well known to every one as the Hamilton wealth. I should like to see her haughty head humiliated, see tears of mortification in those proud, scornful eyes. She will be sure to break with him if he rides with that other girl, and then—ah! who knows what will happen then? But for Gertrude Hamilton I am sure he would have fancied me. Yes, all is fair in love and war!"

(To be Continued.)

He Approved of Dewey.

"That man Dewey is all right, weary."

"Wot's he done now?"

"Asked the government to send him 60,000 pounds of soap. Leaves so much less in this country, see?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Matches.

"You haven't got phossyjaw, have you, ma?"

"Of course not! What makes you ask such a question?"

"Well, Miss Overthrewall said you were a frightful matchmaker."—Pick Me Up.

To Salt.

Britisher—I notice that you take a tune from the English to sing "My Country, 'Tis of Thee."

Starzestripes—We had to. We took the country from the same people.—New York Journal.

One Thing.

Teacher—What did the battle of Manila show?

Pupil—It showed how many totally different pictures of one battle can be made.—Up to Date.

UNCLE SAM'S MULES.

THEY FORM AN IMPORTANT FEATURE OF HIS ARMY IN CUBA.

Some Virtues and Foibles of These "Long Eared Nightingales"—Horses May Be Left Behind, but Mules Are Indispensable to a Moving Army.

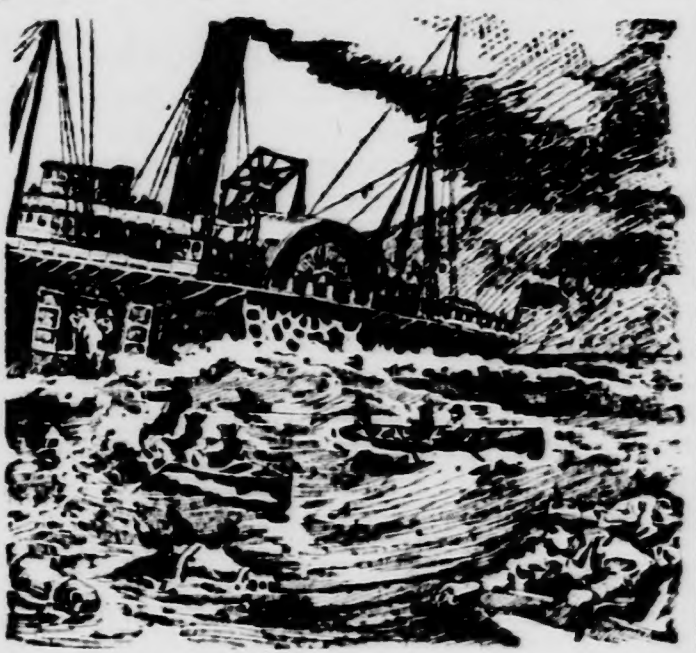
Without the army mule the invasion of Cuba might have been a dismal failure. In force he comprises one of the most important features of our army. When the war broke out, Uncle Sam owned but a few paltry hundreds of these "long eared nightingales." Today he possesses between 13,000 and 14,000, and they are worth something like \$1,500,000.

Owing to the lack of transports, it was decided to send the first division of the invading army to Cuba without horses. Colonel Roosevelt is reported to have "said things" when he found his rough riders dismounted, but nothing that he could do changed the situation. Even brigadier generals had to go along unmounted. But the mules were not left behind. The "tween decks of several transports were filled with them, for without the mules the army could not have advanced, because wherever the soldiers go the commissary stores, the ammunition wagons and the field guns must go too. And how would they have been moved without the mules?

As soon as the soldiers were landed at Baiquiri the mules were sent ashore. The method adopted was a novel one. As there was no wharf at which the transports could land, the steamers anchored a short distance offshore. Then the gangway ports were opened and the mules pushed into the sea. Long ropes attached to their halters were thrown to soldiers in boats, and thus the mules were towed ashore. Only two or three out of several thousand were drowned.

Each mule is branded with the letters "U. S." on the left shoulder. Each mule is given a number, and when in line he must stand in the place designated by that number. The number is branded in the bottom of the left fore hoof. Each morning and evening a long strip of canvas is spread on the ground and shelled corn or oats are placed on the canvas as the rations for the mule train. The trained mule must know his exact place in line before the canvas without any help from the men. Then when the men start to place the saddles and packs on the mules the animals are supposed to stand stock still until ready for the march.

In the army service the pack mules are divided into trains, each train having 63 animals. With each train are one boss packer, one cargadore and 11 packers, making 13 men in all. One train, therefore, has 53 pack mules. One cook and one blacksmith look after each train. The boss packer superintends the packing in general. The cargadore looks after the physical condition of the animals and adjusts and equalizes the loads they are to



LANDING MULES FOR SHAFER'S ARMY.

carry. He washes the sore backs with castile soap and hot water and adjusts the saddle so that a sore back will cause as little pain as possible. The blacksmith examines the hoofs of the mules and sees that they are kept in good condition.

Contrary to general belief, an army mule receives much better treatment than most mules owned by civilians. The army mule is looked after almost as carefully as are the men.

When hauling army wagons, mules are used in teams of six, and to drive a six mule team is an art in which few men ever become expert. The driver rides the "near" pole mule and guides the entire six by means of a single leather rein, called the "jerk line." This connects with the "near" side of the mules' bridles, so that he pulls steadily on it to guide the team to the left. When he wants it to go to the right, he jerks the line. That makes the "near" mules push against the "off" ones, and they consequently turn the other way.

This sounds simple enough, but in reality the skill required can come only from long practice. The mules are well aware when there is a novice at the "jerk line" and will do as they please, especially when the long lash used by drivers of the six mule team does not reach its destination with the deadly aim of the old hand.

The whip is, in fact, about as important as the "jerk line." There are times in the mule's life when his latent obstinacy comes to the surface, and a hundred "jerk lines" would be of no effect. The stinging lash then comes into play. It is long, round, pliable and thick, made for business and used for it.

Even in its perfection mule driving is an art in which something must be left to fate. One of the best army mule drivers on the plains always shut his eyes tight when he came to a dangerous pass and kept them shut till a safer trail was reached. He was considered the safest driver in the service.

When a campaign has reached that point where wagons, ambulances and all incumbrances must be abandoned, the mules are unharnessed from the carts and packs placed on their backs, an equal amount on either side of their steel-like spinal columns. It is wonderful how much a mule will carry in this way.

The driving of the pack mules is nearly always simplicity itself. A gray mare with a bell on its neck is led in front, and the mules follow. No explanation is given for this except that mules are fond of horses, and a gray one is more easily seen.

In speaking of what mules will and will not do, it is always safe to make reservations. For instance, pack mules may follow the bell mare peacefully and steadily for years, and then a day will come when they will all stampede and disappear in a cloud of dust. Drivers say that a mule will wait for 20 years, living virtuously, for a chance to kick them.

CHARLES WARNER.

Quite Homelike.

"I have tried to make M. le Americaine's apartments as homelike as possible," said the French landlord.

"Yes?" queried the American.

"Oui, monsieur. See, here es ze cuspidor."—Philadelphia North American.

The Feathered Hobo.

"Did you ever know that the English sparrow is a tramp," asked Depot Superintendent Sanford the other day. "Well, he is, and the worst kind of a 'hobo.' Recently I have seen a flock of them fly from under the pilot of one locomotive to the pilot of an outgoing locomotive, and in that way they travel over the country."

"Sharp! Well I should say so. It's the brightest bird I know of, as I have maintained for a long time."

Mr. Sanford was in dead earnest, and the reporter went out to look for himself at these "tramp" sparrows. As he stood under the sheds at the union depot a big Missouri Pacific engine came along pulling in slowly from its long trip from St. Louis. No sooner had the train come to a standstill until out from under the pilot of the locomotive hopped a dozen English sparrows. They looked around as if to get their bearings, and then made straight for the pilot of a Burlington engine. They disappeared, and remained there until the train pulled out.

Sure enough the English sparrow is a tramp. Evidently they are sharp enough to know they will be transported over the country without exertion. It may be that they enjoy the rapidly moving engine, at least it evidently pleases them to take a free ride.—Kansas City Times.

Male Felinity.

"Talking about the humanity of man and the felinity of woman," said the independent woman, "let me tell you a little story of a man and a cat. The story was told to me by the wife of the man, who is a domesticated woman. It seems that the family cat, besides being of a sportive disposition, had more ingenuity than most cats or understood better how to relieve the tedium of a domestic existence. This cat caught a mouse. Being well fed, her sporting instinct came into play, and she kept the mouse to amuse herself with. That is a feline custom, as you are aware, but where this cat showed superior mentality was in hitting upon a place to hide the mouse, thus protracting the amusement. She kept it in an old shoe in a storeroom. The man of the house discovered the proceeding, and was almost as much amused as the cat. Did he put a stop to it? No, indeed. For several days he fed both the cat and the mouse, after which the cat would take the mouse out for its daily exercise, to the delight of both conspirators. Then the man's wife found them out. She took the mouse away and let it go."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Sport as a Developer of Character.

Every now and then there crops out in this republic the notion that if our more cultured citizens were our rulers that we should be much better off. We very much doubt it. If our more manly citizens could rule us, then no doubt we should be better off. But there is a freakiness and finicalness, an inability to give and take, a general rubbing and creaking of machinery among men developed only on the one side of the mind, which always everywhere makes them objectionable as rulers. Boxing is just as likely to make a man meek as books, but if you have a bully to deal with neither the boxing nor the books will avail anything, and he becomes almost more objectionable as an editor than as a prizefighter. Of course sport will fail, just as every other agency will fail, with certain men. On the other hand, for the great majority of men, well conducted sport will teach them fortitude, gentleness, meekness and fair play as no other agency yet invented by man can do.—Outing.

A Funny Mistake.

A servant lass at an inn once made a funny mistake. Opening the door of one of the rooms, she saw, as she thought, the handle of a warming pan sticking out near the foot of the bed. "Bless me," she said, "that stupid Martha has left the warming pan in the bed! She might have set the place on fire." Taking hold of the handle, she gave it a violent jerk, when up jumped an awakened traveler, shouting lustily: "Hello, there! Leave my wooden leg alone, will you?"—London Fun.

Gravestone Emblems.

In a cemetery in a neighboring state lies buried a family of the name of Rose. Upon each headstone is cut this flower, broken at the stem, while upon the babe's tomb is engraved a bud. Curious as this is in itself, however, it is emphasized by the neighboring plot, where lies a family of the name of Fish, who have followed the example of the Roses by having a small specimen of the finny tribe cut upon each of their gravestones.—New York Sun.

QU'APPELLE PROGRESS.

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Monday, Oct. 9.

Fears of revolution prevail in France. Yellow fever is spreading in Mississippi.

Frank A. Fairchild died suddenly on Sunday.

The Napanee election protest will not be defended.

There is fear of further Indian trouble in Minnesota.

John Matheson, the last of the Selkirk settlers, is dead.

Lord Salisbury has resumed his duties at the foreign office.

A new gold field has been discovered near Whitefish Lake, Ont.

There are still no developments in the Molson's bank robbery case.

New South Wales will have five million bushels of wheat for export.

Three additional Roseland mines will begin shipping ore this week.

Two Newfoundland newspaper men are in jail for contempt of court.

Christians, Mussulmans and Jews are leaving Crete in large numbers.

The Ashoda incident is explained fully in an imperial blue book.

A law to forbid the formation of trades unions is proposed in Germany.

The Hammond Reef, Sawbill district, is now a regular gold producer.

The International Typographical Union is in session at Syracuse, N. Y.

The massacre of a schooner's crew is reported from the Solomon Islands.

Reinforcements have been sent to the scene of the Minnesota Indian trouble.

Brandon electoral district gave 3,696 votes for prohibition and 507 against.

The United States navy's total loss during the war was 17 killed and 84 wounded.

The annual church parade of Toronto volunteers was witnessed by Major General Hutton.

The annual decoration of the grave of Charles Stewart Parnell attracted large crowds at Dublin.

Wednesday, Oct. 5.

Two Indians were drowned in Rainy river.

A Yukon miner reports the finding of niobium.

Yellow fever is epidemic at Jacksonville, Fla.

Lord Herschell was banquetted by the Quebec bar.

A Kingston boy stabbed another in a dispute over some nuts.

Winnipeg inland revenue collections for September exceed \$40,000.

It is reported that a revision of the Dreyfus case is assured.

William Delorme, of Ottawa, is charged with murdering his wife.

The Tradesmen's National Bank, of New York, is in difficulty.

Mr. Dryden was renominated by the Liberals of South Ontario.

The evacuation of Spanish troops from Porto Rico is almost complete.

Mrs. Sparling, of Shawville, Ont., is accused of poisoning her husband.

Over twenty-five per cent. of the U. S. soldiers in Porto Rico are sick.

The Crow's Nest Pass railway has been completed to Kootenay Lake.

The United States battleship Illinois was launched at Newport News, on Tuesday.

The Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston, were entertained at Quebec.

One hundred people were drowned in the Indus river, India, by the capsizing of a ferry.

Hackett beat Johnson, the Vancouver carman, easily in their race at Rat Portage.

A conflict between Indians and U. S. troops at Bear Island, Minn., is hourly expected.

The Dominion Alliance will urge the Dominion government to enact prohibitory legislation.

It is reported that Great Britain and Russia have reached an understanding in the Chinese question.

The general convention of the Episcopal church of the United States will open at Washington to-day.

The Bear Island (Minn.) Indians refuse to surrender and a fight is imminent and tanks of marauders.

Transvaal and Orange Free State.

London, Oct. 5.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail says: Great Britain, it is reported from Johannesburg, will take over the Delagoa customs, railways and telegraphs about the middle of this month. The Transvaal Volksraad is now discussing the law binding the Orange Free state and the Transvaal to mutual military assistance in the event of an attack from the outside. This is attributed to a fear of complications arising out of the Delagoa Bay deal."

It is reported that the relations between Great Britain and France are strained.

The Quebec conference will adjourn on Monday to reassemble at Washington on November 1st.

It is assumed that Mr. Gibson, Ontario commissioner of lands, will be returned by acclamation in East Wellington.

The United States has notified the commissioners that Cuba and Porto Rico must be evacuated without further delay.

Friday, Oct. 7.

Yellow fever is spreading in Louisiana.

Commissioner Herchmer, N. W. M. P., is severely ill.

The Statistical Year Book for 1897 is published.

Ottawa's population is now estimated at 56,000.

Macdonald gave 1,933 majority for prohibition.

The Grenadier Guards arrived at London from Egypt.

The Georgia state elections were carried by the Democrats.

An anti-scalping league has been formed by U. S. railway men.

The power of the Dowager Empress of China is fully established.

Several Manitobans are returning from Yukon with considerable gold.

An Austrian proposes crossing the Atlantic in an air ship in four days.

Central New York and portions of Vermont are badly damaged by floods.

The grain standards board have selected the principal wheat grades.

A C. P. R. employee named McKnight was killed in a collision at Indian Head.

Dawson City gamblers were apprehended and fined by order of Mr. Ogilvie.

The question of a C. P. R. freight differential is to be left to arbitration.

There are no further important developments in the Molson's bank robbery.

The East Lambton election case against Pettypiece has practically failed.

Major Wilkinson and six men were killed by Indians in the fight at Bear Island, Minn.

Canadian sealers' large catch disproves the U. S. contention that the herds are diminishing.

The Ontario Anglican diocese have determined to separate from the ecclesiastical province of Canada.

Thursday, Oct. 6.

The wheat grades for 1898 have been fixed.

General Wolfe's statue has been stolen at Quebec.

A hundred lives were lost in the storm in Georgia.

Mr. David Laird is appointed Indian commissioner.

Sickness is increasing in General Kitchener's army.

Heavy snowstorms are reported from Minnesota points.

A railway is to be built into the Cariboo district, B. C.

The Winnipeg branch of Molson's Bank was robbed of \$62,000.

Major Walsh has presented his Yukon report to the government.

The Dreyfus case has been entered for trial on the court docket.

Marquette gives 1,165 majority for prohibition and Provencher, 55.

Queen Victoria narrowly escaped injury in a runaway at Balmoral.

Senator Quay and others are held on a charge of appropriating state funds.

Stories of hardships on the Ashcroft trail are said to be much exaggerated.

Ten U. S. soldiers were killed by Indians in a fight near Bear Island, Minn.

Le Soleil, of Montreal, claims that prohibition is defeated by over 9,000 majority.

Lake of the Woods Milling company declared a dividend of 8 per cent. for the year.

It is estimated that there are 20,000 tons of provisions at points on the Yukon river.

During a fight in a north end hotel last night a young man was slashed with a razor.

Great Britain, Russia, France and Italy have demanded the Turkish evacuation of Crete.

The triennial council of the Protestant Episcopal church of the U. S. opened at Washington.

Mr. A. E. Forget, Indian commissioner, is appointed lieutenant governor of the Northwest Territories.

Wednesday, Oct. 5.

Two Indians were drowned in Rainy river.

A Yukon miner reports the finding of niobium.

Yellow fever is epidemic at Jacksonville, Fla.

Lord Herschell was banquetted by the Quebec bar.

A Kingston boy stabbed another in a dispute over some nuts.

Winnipeg inland revenue collections for September exceed \$40,000.

It is reported that a revision of the Dreyfus case is assured.

William Delorme, of Ottawa, is charged with murdering his wife.

The Tradesmen's National Bank, of New York, is in difficulty.

Mr. Dryden was renominated by the Liberals of South Ontario.

The evacuation of Spanish troops from Porto Rico is almost complete.

Mrs. Sparling, of Shawville, Ont., is accused of poisoning her husband.

Over twenty-five per cent. of the U. S. soldiers in Porto Rico are sick.

The Crow's Nest Pass railway has been completed to Kootenay Lake.

The United States battleship Illinois was launched at Newport News, on Tuesday.

The Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston, were entertained at Quebec.

One hundred people were drowned in the Indus river, India, by the capsizing of a ferry.

Hackett beat Johnson, the Vancouver carman, easily in their race at Rat Portage.

A conflict between Indians and U. S. troops at Bear Island, Minn., is hourly expected.

The Dominion Alliance will urge the Dominion government to enact prohibitory legislation.

It is reported that Great Britain and Russia have reached an understanding in the Chinese question.

The general convention of the Episcopal church of the United States will open at Washington to-day.

The Bear Island (Minn.) Indians refuse to surrender and a fight is imminent and tanks of marauders.

Transvaal and Orange Free State.

London, Oct. 5.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail says: Great Britain, it is reported from Johannesburg, will take over the Delagoa customs, railways and telegraphs about the middle of this month. The Transvaal Volksraad is now discussing the law binding the Orange Free state and the Transvaal to mutual military assistance in the event of an attack from the outside. This is attributed to a fear of complications arising out of the Delagoa Bay deal."

It is reported that the relations between Great Britain and France are strained.

The Quebec conference will adjourn on Monday to reassemble at Washington on November 1st.

It is assumed that Mr. Gibson, Ontario commissioner of lands, will be returned by acclamation in East Wellington.

The United States has notified the commissioners that Cuba and Porto Rico must be evacuated without further delay.

Friday, Oct. 7.

Yellow fever is spreading in Louisiana.

Commissioner Herchmer, N. W. M. P., is severely ill.

The Statistical Year Book for 1897 is published.

Ottawa's population is now estimated at 56,000.

Macdonald gave 1,933 majority for prohibition.

The Grenadier Guards arrived at London from Egypt.

The Georgia state elections were carried by the Democrats.

An anti-scalping league has been formed by U. S. railway men.

The power of the Dowager Empress of China is fully established.

Several Manitobans are returning from Yukon with considerable gold.

An Austrian proposes crossing the Atlantic in an air ship in four days.

Central New York and portions of Vermont are badly damaged by floods.

The grain standards board have selected the principal wheat grades.

A C. P. R. employee named McKnight was killed in a collision at Indian Head.

Dawson City gamblers were apprehended and fined by order of Mr. Ogilvie.

The question of a C. P. R. freight differential is to be left to arbitration.

There are no further important developments in the Molson's bank robbery.

The East Lambton election case against Pettypiece has practically failed.

Major Wilkinson and six men were killed by Indians in the fight at Bear Island, Minn.

Canadian sealers' large catch disproves the U. S. contention that the herds are diminishing.

The Ontario Anglican diocese have determined to separate from the ecclesiastical province of Canada.

Thursday, Oct. 6.

The wheat grades for 1898 have been fixed.

General Wolfe's statue has been stolen at Quebec.

A hundred lives were lost in the storm in Georgia.

Mr. David Laird is appointed Indian commissioner.

Sickness is increasing in General Kitchener's army.

Heavy snowstorms are reported from Minnesota points.

A railway is to be built into the Cariboo district, B. C.

The Winnipeg branch of Molson's Bank was robbed of \$62,000.

Major Walsh has presented his Yukon report to the government.

The Dreyfus case has been entered for trial on the court docket.

Marquette gives 1,165 majority for prohibition and Provencher, 55.

Raw From Ear To Jaw.

"I have been for years more or less subject to eruptions on my skin. The left side of my face from the top of my ear to half way down my jaw was in a very bad state—being almost raw, making shaving very painful. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters. One bottle perfectly cured me. I can honestly recommend B.B.B. to all who suffer from any skin disease." G. WHITE, Carleton Place, N.W.T.

B.B.B. cures Salt Rheum, Eczema, Tetter, Shingles, Boils, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers, and all forms of Skin Diseases and Eruptions, from the smallest pimple to the worst scrofulous sore.

American Statesmen Under Arrest.

Philadelphia, Oct. 3. — Warrants have been issued for the arrest of United States Senator M. S. Quay and others prominent in state politics, charging misuse of state funds. District Attorney Graham this afternoon, stated that warrants had been issued charging United States Senator Quay, his son, Richard R. Quay, ex-State Treasurer Benjamin J. Haywood, and Charles R. McKee, with conspiracy with the late John S. Hopkins, formerly cashier of the People's Bank, to make use of states funds in stock speculation.

THEIR EFFECT LASTING.

When Laxa-Liver Pills Cure Liver and Stomach Troubles the Results are Permanent.

Last spring I had an attack of liver trouble and indigestion and decided to try Laxa-Liver Pills. I found them the best I ever used. They produce effects that are lasting and I believe them to be the best remedy in the world for liver and stomach disorders.

MRS. C. GRIMES, Hazelton, Ont.

WHITE STAR Baking Powder

AND WHITE STAR Health Coffey

Are all the rage. Have you tried them?

HEALTH COFFEY

As a drink is not surpassed in healthful qualities. A decided benefit to the system.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR A PACKAGE.

THE DYSON GIBSON COY.

A FEW THINGS

That should be found in every well regulated household:

DREWRY'S
Choice Stock Ale, Extra Porter.
Canadian Pilsner Lager,
(A fine light beer.)
Golden Key Brand Aerated Water
Imperial Table Sauce, Choice
India Chutney, Table Relishes.

E. L. DREWRY,
Manufacturer & Importer,
WINNIPEG.

FREE

We give this fine watch, chain and charm, for selling two doz. LEVER COLLAR BUTTONS, at ten cts. each. Send your address and we forward the Buttons, postpaid, and our Premium List. No money required. Sell the Buttons among your friends, return the money, and we send the watch, prepaid. A genuine American watch, guaranteed, for a few hours' work. Mention this paper when writing.

LEVER COLLAR CO.,
20 Adelaide St. E.
Toronto, Ont.

Monsoon

Poor teas contain the most tannin. Tannin is injurious and makes these teas harsh and astringent—affecting the alimentary system like lye. Tea experts cannot extract the tannin from the tea. The leaf for Monsoon Tea is picked fresh, in saptime, before tannin is developed—and this assures its perfection.



USE ALBERT SOAP.

If your fancy is for a Tar Soap you will find the best in our

MASTER MECHANIC'S EXTRAORDINARY.

Sold at all Drug Stores.



BOVRIL

Is pure beef cooked ready for use, and in the most CONDENSED FORM.

Not a mere extract or essence. It strengthens both body and brain.

PREPARED BY
BOVRIL, LIMITED,
LONDON, ENGLAND.
Canadian Branch:—
27 PETER STREET MONTREAL.

Don't raise a Dust—
use the
Patent Oil Brush.
for
All Floors, Carpets
and Rugs.
Myron McBride & Co.
AGENTS, WINNIPEG.
Sample 15c

The... DAILY GLOBE

(REGULAR EARLY MORNING EDITION)

Canada's **Greatest Newspaper,** **TORONTO**
Including the 24 or 28 page SATURDAY ILLUSTRATED EDITION, will be sent to any address in Manitoba, Northwest Territories, British Columbia and all points WEST OF NORTH BAY for **\$2.00 per Annum.**
THE GLOBE, Toronto, Canada.

FREE **WATCH** **for One Day's Work**

We give this fine Watch, Chain & Charm for selling two doz. packages of Equate Perfume at ten cents each. Send address and we forward the perfume, postpaid, and our Premium List. No money required. Sell the perfume among your friends, return money, and we send the watch, prepaid. This is a genuine American Watch, guaranteed a good timepiece. Mention this paper. Home Specialty Co. 66 Victoria St. Toronto

PHOENIX ASSURANCE COY

First British Fire Insurance Office Established in Canada, A. D. 1804.
The above Company is desirous of opening agencies in all towns throughout Manitoba and the Northwest Territories where they are not at present represented, and will be pleased to receive applications for same.

PATERSON & SON,
Montreal, Que.

Chief Agents for the Dominion of Canada

JUBILEE BRAND BUILDING PAPER.

Plain and Tinted.
It costs a little more than some others, but as it is the toughest and warmest, it is the cheapest. It is the best in the world. Compare it with others before buying.
Write for free samples.
MERRICK, ANDERSON & CO., WINNIPEG.

MARK YOUR GRAIN BAGS

With our Stencils and avoid loss. We manufacture all kinds of **Stencils, Key Checks and Rubber Stamps,** and supply Inks and Brushes for the same; also Seals, Dates, Numberers, etc. Price List on application. Always write orders legibly and give us an idea of size and style of lettering required. **OFFICE SUPPLY CO., 503 Main St. Winnipeg.**

Sun Insurance Office.
Eastern Assurance Co.
Quebec Fire Insurance Company.
London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co.
British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.
Lloyd's Glass Insurance Company.
W. R. ALLAN.

General Agent,
Winnipeg

THE VEDETTE.

Vol. 1

Fort Qu'Appelle, N.W.T., Oct. 13, 1898.

No. 1

The Qu'Appelle Progress

A weekly paper devoted to local and general news: published every Thursday morning by

D. J. HARTLEY.

Large Circulation—Good Advertising Medium—First-class Job Department.

All orders by mail or otherwise executed promptly and satisfactorily.

Correspondence Solicited.

Address . . .

"THE PROGRESS,"

Qu'Appelle Sta., N.W.T.

THURSDAY, OCT. 13, 1898

ANOTHER YEAR

The years roll on; with this issue the PROGRESS completes its thirteenth. To us the adage, "All is well that ends well," seems an appropriate illustration of the closing year.

During these thirteen years the PROGRESS has had a checkered career. It sprang to life in the pioneer days of Qu'Appelle and its columns have measured out the changes in the community from that time to this. The prairie sod has been changed to the cultivated soil; the dreary plain is filling with a busy population; the Red men have given place, largely, to those that are his masters, but his friends as well. The first columns of the PROGRESS, in the year 1885, were filled with the story of warfare, for it was in that year that the North West Rebellion broke out, in this vicinity.

But the Rebellion was only the cloud with the silver lining. From its close to the present time the pages of the PROGRESS have had the pleasant duty of reporting the prosperity of the community. So continuous has its advancement been, that it seems, as we continue to read it, like an old, old story. At times in the past the PROGRESS stood foremost, in the newspaper line, for miles around, but it has not always marched along in the front rank with the industries of this and other towns. Whether it had its self to blame or not we do not know. Those times are past and to many almost forgotten. The close of another year in the history of the PROGRESS recalls them, but we turn again to the present. With this last number of the year, we have doubled the size of the paper and with our increased space we are enabled to include a larger section of country in our work. As will be seen, we have devoted a portion of the paper to Fort Qu'Appelle and that vicinity.

We look forward again to the PROGRESS taking its place amongst the Journals of the West. During our short experience, with the paper we have been gratified with the increasing evidences of interest taken in it; and as the past few years the support of the paper has been greatly reduced, we hope to see it go on increasing, in the months to come as it has done in the last three. Then, when the close of its fourteenth year is here, it will stand again in its proper place, as one of the best weekly papers in Central Assiniboia.

MR. FORGET APPOINTED

It is with pleasure we are able this week to record the appointment of a western man, to the position of Lieutenant Governor, of the Territories. Mr. Forget is not only a western man but he is a friend to the west. We are glad to have a man of this kind fill such a position and when we have added to it the knowledge Mr. Forget possesses of the Territories, it would be hard to point

to any one that could be more acceptable to the people. The positions held by Mr. Forget in the past have acquainted him with his new work; and Mr. Forget enters upon his work amidst the best wishes of the people of the west. We give below the opinions of the Regina Standard, in regard to the appointment, which we can thoroughly endorse.

The appointment of Mr. A. E. Forget to succeed Lieutenant Governor Cameron in the gubernatorial chair of the Northwest Territories is one which we unhesitatingly commend. By it are established some precedents which should be gratifying to our people in general. In the first place Mr. Forget is a western man, having spent twenty-two years of his life in the Territories, and secondly he is not a politician. Most frequently the position of lieutenant governor falls to one who has been an active politician in the Federal arena. So much has this been the custom that to be an M. P. or a Senator had come to be regarded as an essential qualification. But that unwritten law has, in this instance in this instance been disregarded, and we see in Lieutenant Governor Forget a man chosen on his own merit from the ranks of the people.

Mr. Forget and his worthy wife have been identified with the Northwest since the very inception of Territorial Government. They have had full experience of the difficulties of the pioneer, and have always been in touch with the people. In the comparative comfort of later years they retained their kindly demeanor towards all, and treated with due consideration the most humble of citizens. This is the secret of their very general popularity. We are confident that a glad welcome and hearty congratulations await them here.

Central Assiniboia Teachers' Association.

The annual meeting of the Central Assiniboia Teachers' Association was held at Indian Head on Oct. 7th and 8th. Owing to the poor condition of the roads and uncertainty of the date of the meeting, the attendance was not as large as in the past, still a pleasant and profitable time was spent by those present.

The meeting was called to order by President Middlemiss, of Wolsley, who delivered an address of welcome, after which Secretary McGuire read the minutes of last year's session.

The first paper given, entitled "Life in the Schoolroom," was read by Principal Currie, of Indian Head, who, in an able manner, pointed out many ways in which a teacher could keep up the interest in the work, and increase the pleasure of the pupils in the same, thus avoiding the monotony which very often is found in the schoolroom. Mr. Currie advised the introduction of new devices, much supplementary reading on the subjects to be taught, and self-preparation and self-examination on the part of the teacher.

His Lordship Bishop Grisdale of Qu'Appelle, who was present, eulogized the paper and spoke of the benefits and aims of education in its three-fold application, physical, mental and moral.

Miss Liggott, primary teacher at Indian Head, then followed with a class of young pupils, who rendered several kindergarten songs in a manner that especially pleased the listeners.

The next paper was a very interesting and practical one, "Leaves from my Notebook," delivered by Inspector Rothwell, of Regina. The subject was treated under two heads, (1) Evidences of progress, (2) Hindrances to progress in the schools of the N.W.T. As evidences of progress, Mr. Rothwell cited the following, (a) Increase in the number of schools, many of which were becoming yearly schools, (b) Better buildings, equipment and school yards, (c) Better method of governing pupils, (d) Better attendance, also the subjects taught in an improved manner, (e) Higher salaries, (f) Teachers more respected as a factor in the school districts, (g) a higher standard of character in teachers, and (h) the desire for religious instruction in schools. Some of the hindrance to progress were given as (a) The influence of old time and past methods reaching into the present, (b) lack of encouragement to keep good teachers in the work, as a result of insufficient remuneration and the instability of the profession, and (c) a mistaken notion of the true aim of teaching which the speaker said was the formation of character.

A paper, "Weeds, and their eradication," prepared by Mr. Mackay, Experimental Farm, was, in the absence of the author, then read by Mr. Kelly. Many valuable suggestions were thrown out, and a hearty vote of thanks accorded to Mr. Mackay for preparing the essay.

Miss Kyle, of Indian Head, followed with a paper on "The Art of Reading." The paper showed careful thought and good preparation on the part of Miss Kyle, and was much appreciated by all.

Miss Williams, of Wolsley, illustrated her method of teaching junior arithmetic, showing how neatness and accuracy of work could be combined with logical reasoning in the subject.

In the evening (Friday) a public meeting was held in the town hall, the main feature of which was a lecture by Supt. Goggin, of Regina, on Tennyson's "Holy Grail." Other items of interest were, an address by Bishop Grisdale, instrumental music by Miss Grisdale and Mrs. Rev. Dobbie, and a solo by Mr. Jas. McAlister.

SECOND DAY.

The Association having been opened by the new president, Mr. D. McGuire, Mr. Ingram, of Pleasant Forks, gave a paper on "Geography," which outlined his method of dealing with the subject as laid down in the programme of studies. He also added several hints and suggestions, which no doubt will be acted upon in the future.

The last subject treated was "The Teaching Profession," by President McGuire. Mr. McGuire pointed out some of the most glaring evils of our present school system and also presented a remedy for the same, viz., the almost entire control of our schools by the state, instead of the system now in vogue. The author of the paper deserves great praise for the able manner in which he handled the subject. On account of the important principles contained therein, and the rich vein of humor running through the paper read, it was unanimously decided to have the same printed in the press and otherwise diffused as much as possible, in order that the people may be educated up to this important line of thought.

Inspector Rothwell handled the question drawer, and also acted as critic, in an able manner.

It was decided to hold the next meeting at Wolsley.

The officers for the present year are:—President, Mr. McGuire, Hill Farm; Vice-President, Miss Liggott, Indian Head; Sec. Treas., Mr. Orchard, Rose Valley; managing committee: Miss Smith, Wide Awake; Mr. Stephenson, Balcarres; Mr. Currie, Indian Head; Mr. Wilson, Edgemoor.

Farm for Sale.

W. Half Sec. 28, Tp. 19, Rge. 16

25 acres ready for crop; small frame and log house on premises. Easy terms.

All Sec. 15, Tp. 20, R. 16, west 2nd merd. NE 1/4 14, Tp. 17, R. 16, w. 2nd merd.

Agents for sale of H. B. Co., C. P. R., Ont. & Qu'Appelle Land Co., and Canada Northwest Land Co.'s lands.

D. H. McDonald & Co.,
FORT QU'APPELLE, N.W.T.

Notice to Stock-Raisers.

Arrangements have been made by this department whereby stock-raisers and farmers in the Territories can import, under Government supervision, thoroughbred cattle purchased from breeders in Ontario, at a uniform cost of five dollars per head for transportation to nearest railroad points, including care on journey.

Particulars as to conditions under which such importation will be made, may be obtained by applying to the undersigned.

By order

Chas. W. Peterson
Deputy Commissioner

HENRY H. HAYWARD.

General Merchant: Company Ave., Fort Qu'Appelle.

The attention of residents in Fort Qu'Appelle and its vicinity is respectfully called to the large and varied stock now on hand, consisting of

DRESS GOODS

In all styles and shades—Ladies und r and over skirts, Gait Jerseys, Skirtings, Underwear, etc.

GENT'S

Heavy Underwear. Shirts in all sizes and weights.

CLOTHING

Ready-made for Men, Youths' and Boys' suitable for the season and all prices.

FURS

Hats, Caps, Overcoats, etc.

FOOTWEAR

All sorts and sizes of Boots and Shoes in leather and felt goods

MITTS and MOCCASINS

See our Boys' Buckskin Mitts—a specialty.

GROCERIES

Fresh and clean every week. Tinned goods of all descriptions, including C. & B.'s celebrated brands.

MEATS

Tinned in all lines. The best dry salt meats procurable. Sugar cured Hams and Breakfast Bacon highly recommended.

TEAS

Headquarters for the following choice lines of package teas—Lipton's, Ham Lal's, Sassa and Blue Ribbon. Bulk Japan, Congos, Pekoes. Crockery and Glassware, Silverware, Xmas Goods. 1 carload of fresh Groceries from the east; 1 carload of Salt in bbls. and bags. Green winter apples by the bbl. Prices greatly reduced. Call and examine for yourself.

THIS SPACE

—BELONGS TO—

A. E. Iredale.

Qu'Appelle Valley Hotel THE ONLY LICENSED HOUSE AT FORT QU'APPELLE.

A full line of the choicest brands of Wines, Liquors, Ales, etc., is kept at the bar for the convenience of the public and visitors.

Parties seeking HEALTH OR RECREATION find the QU'APPELLE LAKES just the locality to meet their requirements, as well as a SPORTSMAN'S PARADISE.

ROBERT S. SMITH, Prop., Fort Qu'Appelle, N.W.T.

C. FETHERSTONHAUGH,

LIVERY STABLES

QU'APPELLE STATION and FORT QU'APPELLE

Daily Stage between Fort Qu'Appelle and Qu'Appelle Station.

First class rigs and horses. Careful drivers.

Stage leaves Qu'Appelle Station at 8 a.m., and the Fort at 2:30

RANCH FOR SALE

70 HEAD of CATTLE, four horses, five pigs. Buildings, wagons, implements, etc. 200 loads of hay. Hay, wood and water handy. For particulars apply to GEO. HUDSON, Touchwood P.O.

WANTED

WANTED—A good kitchen girl and chamber maid. Apply at once to Island Hotel, Qu'Appelle Sta.

LOCAL NEWS

Duck shooting, duck shooting; duck shooting is all the rage.

Mr. Jno. McCreigh, of Indian Head, was here on Sunday last.

The Bishop of Qu'Appelle preached to a crowded congregation in St. John's church, last Sabbath evening.

The standard grades of wheat this year, can be completely "knocked out" by any quantity of grain grown in this district.

Mr. S. C. Elkington is in Winnipeg this week attending a meeting of the Grain Board of the west of which he is a member.

The business men of town report things as very, brisk during the past week, but we predict it to be a foretaste only of what is to come.

Rev. R. F. Hall has arrived safely at his home in Toronto, having had a pleasant trip and good weather on the lakes.

Mr. A. McDonald has been in Yorkton and vicinity during the past week. He drove across the country and will return at the end of this week.

The mill of Joyner & Elkington after undergoing thorough repairs began operations again on Tuesday morning. Considerable wheat is already coming in.

The new organ for Parkland's school, arrived last week. It was supplied by the Dominion Organ Co. The thanks of the district, for this valuable present, are due to the Ladies Aid Society.

Rev. A. Robson, editor of the Prairie Witness, Indian Head, conducted the services on the Presbyterian circuit last Sabbath. He preached an excellent sermon at the Fort in the morning.

Patterson's threshing gang had the misfortune to break a cylinder shaft last Saturday, which caused considerable delay. There has been so much poor weather recently that the men don't like to be idle when it is fair.

As this is our first number as editor of the Fort locals, we will have to ask the indulgence of the readers till we are fully initiated. A little patience on your part, will be a virtue and will hide a multitude of defects.

Mr. R. S. Williams, principal of our schools, and Miss Lang, of the primary department, attended the Teacher's Association, at Indian Head, last Friday and Saturday. Though the attendance was small, a profitable time was spent, Mr. Goggin's interpretation of the Holy Grail being particularly interesting and instructive.

The annual Grain Show and Farmer's Re-Union will be held in Town Hall on Friday the 21st inst. A most enjoyable time is expected. Mr. Barford has kindly consented to act as pianist, so the musical part will be well looked after. Tickets for the Re-Union can be procured from the Directors. Gentlemen \$1. Ladies free. The sec. Mr. R. Williams will be pleased to furnish prize lists to any requiring them.

The two evening's entertainments given here last week by Miss Pauline Johnston were a decided success. The large audiences clearly showed that the impressions left with those hearing her before, was a lasting one. "The Riders of the Plains," "The Comedy Sketch," "A Case of Flirtation" and "The Legend of the Qu'Appelle Valley" were all written since her last appearance in this neighborhood. The last of these was recited here for the first time. As it appears in another column, it is needless to say that it was received with the greatest enthusiasm. It will always be a popular poem and will make our valley home more prominent. We are sorry that we cannot look forward to another evening with Miss Johnston, but it will be a long time before the last is forgotten. It would not do to overlook the efficient services rendered by the Labret Quintette under the able management of Mr. J. Slack. The selections were well received and gave a abundant variety to the entertainment.

Rev. F. W. Johnston left for Touchwood Hills, on Tuesday.

Rev. Munroe, Scotland, has been appointed to Lake's End Presbyterian Mission. We welcome Mr. Munroe and wish him every success in his work.

Mr. Campbell Strachan, of Glenora, Ontario, passed through town on Monday. He was going to Touchwood Hills where he has been engaged as teacher of the public school.

We regret to have to record a serious accident to young Mr. Fisher during the storm, of a week ago last Sunday. He and his brother had been up to Nut Lake and were returning home. The storm overtook them while camping out on Saturday night. On Sunday the young man went out to attend to the horses which were a short distance off but in the storm he lost his way. Immediately the storm abated a search party set out, but without success. The Mounted Police were notified and on the following Friday he was found about fifty miles from his camp, five miles north of Beaver Hills. He had not had a bite to eat and was exhausted from starvation, which caused his mind to wander, too, at times. It is hoped by careful treatment, that he will soon be alright.

Legend of Qu'Appelle Valley.

By E. PAULINE JOHNSTON.

The following will be better understood when it is remembered that Qu'Appelle is an Indian word meaning "Who calls?"

I am the one who loved her as my life, had watched her grow to sweet young womanhood; Won the dear privilege to call her wife, and found the world, because of her, was good.

I am the one who heard the spirit voice, of which the pale face settlers love to tell; From whose strange story they have made their choice of naming this far valley the "Qu'Appelle."

She had said fondly in my eager ear—"When Indian Summer smiles with dusky lip, 'Come to the lakes, I will be the first to hear the welcome music of thy paddle dip, 'I will be first to lay in thine my hand, to whisper words of greeting on the shore, 'And when thou would'st return to thine own land, I'll come with thee, thy wife for ever more."

Not yet a leaf had fallen, not a tone of frost upon the plain ere I set forth impatient to possess her as my own, this queen of all the women of the North. I reached not at even or at dawn, but journeyed all the dark and daylight through— Until I reached the lakes, and, hurrying on, I launched upon their bosom my canoe.

Of sleep nor hunger then I took no heed, but hastened o'er their leagues of waterways;

But my heart outstripped my paddle's speed and waited not for distance or for days, But flew before me swifter than the blade of magic paddle ever cleaved the lake, Eager to lay its love before the maid, and watch the love-light in her eyes awake.

So the long days went slowly drifting past—it seemed that half my life must intervene

Before the morrow, when I said at last—"One more day's journey and I win my queen!"

I rested then, and drifting dreamed the more of all the happiness I was to claim—

When suddenly from out the shadowed shore, I heard a voice speak tenderly my name.

"Who calls?" I answered; no reply; and long I stilled my paddle blade and listened. Then Above the night wind's melancholy song I heard distinctly that strange voice again.

A woman's voice, that through the twilight came like to a soul unborn—a song unsung—

I leaned and listened—Yes, she spoke my name, and then I answered in the quaint French tongue

"Qu'Appelle? Qu'Appelle?" No answer, and the night seemed stiller for the sound, till round me fell

The far off echoes from the far off height—"Qu'Appelle?" my voice came back—"Qu'Appelle? Qu'Appelle?"

This—and no more; I called aloud until I shuddered as the gloom of night increased,

And like a pallid spectre wan and chill, the moon arose in silence from the east.

I dare not linger on the moment when my boat I beached beside her tepee door, I heard the wail of women and of men; I saw the death fires lighted on the shore—

No language tells the torture or the pain, the bitterness that flooded all my life— When I was led to look on her again, that queen of women pledged to be my wife.

To look upon the beauty of her face, the still closed eyes, the lips that knew no breath;

To look, to learn—to realize my place had been usurped by my one rival—Death. A storm of wailing sorrow beat and broke my heart, and life shut out its light

Till through my anguish some one gently spoke, and said "Twice did she call for thee last night."

I started up—and bending o'er my dead, asked when did her sweet lips in silence close—

"She called thy name—then passed away," they said, "just at the hour where at the moon arose."

D. H. McDonald & Co.

Bankers and Insurance Agts.
Fort Qu'Appelle, N.W.T.

Money to loan.

Notes discounted.

Advances on Wheat.

Collections made.

Exchange bought.

Money transferred to
and from Great
Britain.Correspondents, London, Eng.:
Lloyd's Bank. Bankers: Imperial Bank of Canada, Win.

T. COWAN.

GENERAL BLACKSMITH
Horseshoeing and all repairing done on
shortest notice. Satisfaction
Guaranteed.
QU'APPELLE STATION, Assn.

A full stock of

Boots and Shoes

Harness, Blankets, Robes, Valises, Trunks, etc.

Flour and Feed,

Fresh and Salt Meat.

GEO. AMBLER.

FARM LANDS
FOR SALE.The North-West Lands of the
Estate of the late W. R. THISTLE,
comprising

4,000 ACRES

Of Valuable Improved

FARM PROPERTY

ARE NOW OFFERED
FOR SALE ON

Most Reasonable Terms.

For full particulars apply to

A. D. DICKSON,
BARRISTER,

QU'APPELLE

Among the lonely lakes I go no more, for
she who made their beauty is no there—
The paleface rears his tepee on the shore
and says the vale is fairest of the fair.Full many years have vanished since, but
still the voyageurs beside the camp-fire
tellHow, when the moonrise tips the distant
hill, they hear strange voices through
the silence swell.The paleface loves the haunted lakes, they
say, and journeys far to watch their
beauty spreadBefore their vision, but to me the day, the
night, the hour, the seasons, all are
dead.I listen heart-sick while the hunters tell why
white men named the valley the
"Qu'Appelle."

NEW LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

A. E. Forget Indian Commissioner
has been appointed Lieutenant
Governor of the Territories. The
following is a short account of his
public life.Amedee Emmanuel Forget, is the
son of the late Jeremie Forget, by
his wife Marie Guenette, and was
born at Marieville, Que., Nov. 12
1847. Educated at the College of
Marieville, he was called to the bar
1871, and served for some years as
secretary to the council of the bar
of Quebec. On the organization of
a separate government for the N.
W. T. Oct. 1876, he was appointed
clerk of the council and private secretary
to the lieutenant governor,
and accompanied Mr. Laird to the
seat of government at Battleford.
Later, he became clerk of the assembly,
at Regina, and was appointed

Better late than Never!

But we are to the front now with:

LACE & LEATHER—Sole, upper.
Best lacing the best in the market.
Shoe thread. Skate straps,
wholesale or retail.
Russell Calf Leather.
Cork soles. Leather
and rubber
cement.Frank Miller's Leather Preserver,
for shoes or harness. Makes the
leather as soft as a glove.
Gilt Edge Shoe Dressing.
Awls, knives,
rivets, nails, etc.,
always on
hand.

Boots and Shoes still repaired.

G. M. BAILEY,

Qu'Appelle Station

... GO TO ...

A. MCKENZIE'S

Fresh Juicy FRUITS! For table use
or preservingPlums, Peaches, Pears, Bananas, etc.
Everything you want.

Confectionery

Candies: Creams, Chocolates, Wintergreens,
Flavored Tutti-Frutti. Biscuits: Soda,
Raisin, Ginger, Plain, etc.

Flour and Feed. Only the best of everything kept.

A. MCKENZIE,

Bakery, Fruit and Confectionery store.

JUST OPENED

A GENERAL BUTCHER BUSINESS

ALWAYS ON HAND: Fresh and Salt Meats. Beef, Pork, Mutton, Etc.

FARMERS

The Highest Cash Price paid for Good Beef Cattle, Pigs, Sheep, etc.

I am here to STAY A share of your patronage solicited

GEO. AMBLER, Main Street,
Qu'Appelle Stationassistant commissioner of Indian affairs
for Manitoba and the N. W.
T., Aug. 3, 1888. Mr. Forget was
appointed a member of the council
of public instruction for the N. W.
T. 1893, and succeeded Hayter Reed
as Indian commissioner, Sept. 1895.
He is a member of the church of
Rome and married Miss Henriette
Drolet. He is president of the Regina
branch of the Canada Mutual
Loan and Investment company.
For the past eighteen months Mr.
Forget has been a resident of Winnipeg,
the head offices of the Indian
department having been removed to
Winnipeg.S. H. Caswell & Co.,
BANKERS,

Financial and Insurance Agents

COLLECTIONS SOLICITED—RETURNS
PROMPTLY MADE.Five Per Cent. Interest Allowed
on Deposit Accounts.CORRESPONDENTS:
MOLSON'S BANK, Winnipeg.
Drafts paid at per in all parts of Canada
at the Molson's Bank.Cheques and Drafts for all parts of
the World Bought and Sold.

Qu'Appelle Station. - - Assn.

Nature's Own
Dyspepsia CureNature's remedies are not like man's—they never
fail. Of the many remedies intended to cure dyspepsia,
sour stomach, distress after eating, weight in the stomach,
wind on the stomach, loss of appetite, dizziness, nausea, im-
poverished blood, catarrh of the stomach, sick headache, and
similar results of indigestion, only one is uniformly and un-
failingly successful—that is nature's own remedy, found only in

DR. VON STAN'S PINEAPPLE TABLETS.

The pineapple contains a large amount of Vegetable Pepsin—
nature's most potent aid in digesting food. Mix meat and pineapple
and agitate the mixture at a temperature of 103°, and the pineapple
will completely digest the meat.Take two of Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets after your meals
and they will digest your food without aid from the stomach. This
of course rests, strengthens and heals the stomach. The tablets
will cure the most chronic case of dyspepsia. They give im-
mediate relief. Take them for a short time and your stomach
will be as strong and hearty as that of a farmer's boy.

They are as pleasant to the palate as candy.

At all druggists.—35c. a box—or direct from

THE VON STAN MEDICINE CO.,
Toronto, Can., and Buffalo, N.Y. 1

SURE OF A TREATY.

MEMBERS OF QUEBEC CONFERENCE GIVE THEIR VIEWS.

U.S. Commissioners Are Well Pleased—
Sir Wilfrid Laurier Declines
to Express an Opinion.

Quebec, Oct. 10.—A number of the commissioners expressed themselves to your correspondent respecting the work of the conference before breaking up. General John W. Foster, U. S. ex-secretary of state, said, "The outlook is that nearly every subject mentioned in the protocol, will be embraced in the treaty. The fact of our adjournment to Washington, where several of us are required, is the best proof of the sincerity we entertain about completing the work at an early date."

Hon. Nelson A. Dingley, author of the Dingley bill, said: "You can assure your readers of the deep impression Canadian hospitality has made upon us. The negotiations of the conference have been carried on in a fair and honorable spirit. I am sanguine a treaty will mark a new epoch between the two countries."

Senator Falkner, before his departure Saturday, had this to say: "The bonds between the two countries are drawing in closer every day. I am no prophet when I predict that every issue will be adjusted in an equitable manner."

Senator Fairbanks made this observation: "The negotiations in Quebec will form an era-making epoch. On behalf of my colleagues I desire to thank the entire Canadian press for its uniformly fair attitude since our first meeting in Quebec. Much speculation has been indulged in, as to what we are accomplishing, and likely many of the guesses will be realized by future events."

General Kasson said: "I never entertained a pessimistic view as to the outcome of the deliberations."

Hon. Jefferson Coolidge remarked: "This Anglo-American conference will settle many points that have caused friction between the two countries."

John Charlton, M. P., observed: "I consider good progress has been made and a fair and reasonable treaty will be framed. I desire to repudiate the statement that I have framed a schedule of manufactured articles that will form the basis of any reciprocity arrangement."

Sir Wilfrid Laurier declined to express an opinion as to the result of the negotiations.

Sir Louis Davies said: "I am not without hope that there will be settlement of most of the subjects."

Lord Herschell said: "I am delighted with the present outlook."

ROSSLAND NEWS.

Rossland, B.C., Oct. 7.—The new machinery on the Deer Park was started up yesterday with imposing ceremony. At 3 o'clock Hon. C. H. Mackintosh, managing director of the B. A. C., started the drills. The machinery worked perfectly and the regular thud could be distinctly heard from the bottom of the 275 foot shaft. The company will sink to the three hundred foot level and commence drifting to crosscut the vein, which is one hundred feet wide. In the upper levels some machines will be used to block out ore ready for shipping.

The Iron Mack company have ordered a 10 drill electrical plant. A force of fifty men will soon be working at the mine. The company has decided to prosecute an elaborate system of development.

The B. A. C.—Le Roi trouble is nearing a settlement. Whittaker Wright, the head of the B. A. C., will probably arrive in Rossland at the end of the month.

The police are raiding the Chinese fan tan games and make wholesale arrests.

Coolgardie Smith, the welterweight champion of Australia, Tasmania, British Columbia and the Northwest Territories, has signed articles for a fight with Lick Burley, a local prize fighter. The affair is creating great interest. Smith is an amateur and not a professional and is engaged in the brokerage business here.

CANADIAN NOTES.

St. John's, Nfld., Oct. 9.—Mr. Parsons, editor of the Evening Telegram, of this city, and Mr. Herder, its proprietor, were sentenced to thirty days' imprisonment for contempt of court in publishing strictures upon the judges of the supreme court. No such penalty has been inflicted in Newfoundland during the last 40 years.

Ottawa, Oct. 9.—A dispatch from Stoneville, Que., says the report of Dr. Valee, who analyzed the contents of the stomach of young Sparling, confirms the suspicion that the man was poisoned. The coroner's jury yesterday returned a verdict that Sparling died from the effects of poison, possibly administered by his wife who is now in Bryson jail.

Dr. Lambert, who is accused of criminally assaulting his patient, Nellie Christopher, was yesterday released on \$8,000 bail.

Flesherton, Oct. 9.—Percy Smith, aged 15, of Euphrasia township, slipped on a feed board in his father's thresh-

ing machine and was terribly mangled, dying a few hours later.

Weissenberg, Ont., Oct. 8.—Mrs. Weiss drowned herself in a barrel of soft water.

Quebec, Oct. 8.—Several of the high commissioners leave today for their homes. It is understood that there are good prospects of everything but the reciprocity question being settled and efforts are still being made to settle that question, too. The schedule is only tentative as yet, and includes agriculture, animal products and a list of manufactured articles.

MYSTERIOUS ROBBERY.

Molson's Bank, Winnipeg Branch,
Robbed of \$62,000.

Winnipeg, Oct. 6.—Sixty-two thousand dollars have disappeared from the treasury of the Molson's branch of this city. Two men slept in the bank at night, five lock combinations had to be known and a key possessed in order to obtain the money; no one man employed by the bank knew more than one combination, yet the entrance was obtained and the money taken.

The problem who committed the robbery, is a hard one, and its solution will require some skilful detective work. Every member of the bank staff has declared his innocence; all appear to be bewildered at the occurrence, and all feel that until the matter is cleared up they will be under a cloud of suspicion, for on the face of things it would seem that the money was taken by some one employed in the bank, or by some one who was in collusion with an employee who knew the combination of the vault and treasury. From the information that has so far been forthcoming the police authorities can take no other view of the case.

The money, \$37,000 in ordinary bank notes, and \$25,000 in clearing house certificates was in the treasury on Wednesday, the 28th of September, the last time the treasury was opened prior to the discovery of the theft on Tuesday, Oct. 4th at 4.30 o'clock in the afternoon. On the 28th the money was seen by those in charge; it was not counted, but by its bulk it appeared to be intact. Tuesday afternoon last when the treasury was again opened for the purpose of making a deposit, the compartment was empty. The lock combinations of the vault and the vault itself presented no signs of having in any way been violently tampered with in order to gain an entrance to the treasury, and it was realized that some person or persons who knew the combinations had committed the robbery. The chief of police was notified immediately and all the facts and circumstances known laid before him. Every member of the staff was questioned but each in turn stoutly denied that he had any knowledge of the robbery or that he had in any way betrayed the confidences of his position that would enable outsiders to gain access to the vault and treasury. The police have not the slightest clue to work on.

THE KAISER'S PROPOSAL.

Emperor William Proposes to Prevent
Workmen Forming Unions.

Berlin, Oct. 8.—When Emperor William summoned a congress to discuss the labor question in the early days of his reign, the press of the whole world attributed to him qualities of humanity and charity without limit. The congress proved to be one of the biggest advertisements of the century and one of the vainest of Emperor William's many vain achievements. Yesterday the compassionate emperor appears in another role, that of instigating legislation to curtail the rights of workingmen to form unions. He has announced that a bill is in preparation providing that persons inciting others to strike shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor. The laws against intimidators of workmen are already of the most stringent character, prescribing punishment from three months to two years' imprisonment, and the emperor's new proposals have excited so much hostility as to make it certain that there will be grave disturbances both in the reichstag and throughout the country if their enactment is enforced.

To Investigate.

London, Oct. 8.—The Times today publishes a letter from Lord Strathcona, the Canadian high commissioner in London, and signed by J. G. Colmer, referring to statements in Miss Shaw's letter to the Times from the Klondike, dealing with the charges made by miners and others against the Canadian officials in that country. Mr. Sifton, minister of the interior, cabled Lord Strathcona an extract from the report of Major Walsh, former administrator of the Yukon, and recently returned from that district, denying the statements, and adding that the public of the Yukon, though asked to submit charges, failed to present a single one against the officials employed in the district. Mr. Sifton asked Lord Strathcona to request the Times to give publicity to Major Walsh's statement. The Times in a foot note, says that sufficient comment on Mr. Colmer's letter is to be found in a cablegram which stated that the Dominion government has decided to institute a searching enquiry into certain charges.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Futures closed as follows:
Wheat—Oct. 63½; Dec. 63½; May 63½.
Corn—Oct. 29½; Dec. 29½; May 32.
Oats—Dec. 21½; May 23.
Pork—Dec. 57.67; Jan. 58.80.
Lard—Dec. 54.75; Jan. 54.80.
Ribs—Oct. 55.20; Jan. 54.62.
New York, Oct. 10.—Wheat receipts, 295,075 bushels; exports, 73,880 bushels; sales, 1,730,000 bushels; futures, 240,000 bushels spot.

WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—55 to 59c.
Flour—Patent, \$2.05; strong bakers, \$1.85; second bakers, \$1.45; XXXX, per sack of 98 lbs, \$1.15.
Millfeed—Bran, \$9, and shorts \$11 per ton in bulk; large lots, 50c per ton less.
Ground Feed—Mixed chop is quoted at \$17 to \$20 per ton as to quality.
Oats—28c to 30c per bushel.
Barley—30c.
Butter—Creamery quoted at 18½c and dairy at 13½c.
Cheese—Manitoba, 9 to 9½c.
Eggs—Fresh stock is selling here at 16 to 17c, and dealers are paying 15c for receipts here. Market is firm and offerings light.
Dressed Meats—Beef, 5 to 5½c; mutton, 7c to 7½c; lamb, 9c; hogs, 7c to 7½c; veal, 6c to 7c.
Poultry—Live fowls, per pair, 50c to 60c; spring chickens, 30c to 50c per pair; turkeys, 10c to 11c per lb live weight; ducks, 65 to 80c per pair, or 8c per pound live weight.
Game—Mallards, 25 to 30c per pair; canvas backs, 35 to 40c, and small varieties 15 to 20c per pair.
Vegetables—Potatoes, 25c to 35c per bushel; cabbage, 25 to 40c per dozen; cauliflower, 40c to \$1 per dozen; turnips, 20c per bushel; carrots, 40c; beets, 40c; celery, 20 to 25c per dozen; cucumbers, 10c per dozen; corn, sweet, 8c to 10c per dozen ears; onions, 75c to 90c per bushel; green tomatoes, 40c per bushel; local ripe tomatoes, 2 to 3c per lb.; mushrooms, 10c to 12½c per lb.; citrus scarce at 1 to 1½c per lb.
Hides—No. 1, 7½c; No. 2, 6½c; kip, 6½c to 7½c; calf, 7 to 9c; sheepskins and lambskins, 20 to 40c; horse hides, 75c to \$1.75 each; colts, 25c each.
Wool—Unwashed Manitoba fleece, 8½c to 9c.
Tallow—No. 1, 3½c; No. 2, 2½c to 3c.
Seneca Root—20c per pound.
Hay—Baled, \$5 to \$6 per ton on track here.
Cattle—Butchers' cattle are 2½c to 3c, Export cattle quoted at 3c to 3½c.
Sheep—3½c for good to prime animals; lambs, 4½c.
Horses—Good, smooth horses of ten to eleven hundred pounds weight are worth from \$125 to \$175 each if well broken; bronchos \$25 to \$50 unbroken.
Hogs—Offerings are very light. All coming are taken by butchers at 5 to 5½c off cars here. Packers are not getting any.

FOUND DEAD.

Brother of Mrs. McKinley Murdered at
Canton, Ohio.

Canton, Ohio, Oct. 7.—George D. Saxton, a brother of Mrs. President McKinley, was tonight found dead on Lincoln avenue. He had been shot, three bullets having penetrated his body. The police are looking for a woman reported to have been seen in the vicinity at the time of the shooting and about whom there are sensational reports.

THE NEWS AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, Oct. 7.—The murder of the president's brother-in-law was telegraphed to the white house while the president and his wife were holding a reception in honor of the delegates to the Episcopal convention now in session. The news was so shocking and in such a contrast to the beautiful and semi-religious affair at the executive mansion that the secretaries to the president took upon themselves the responsibility of postponing its announcement until after the reception was over and the bishops and other guests had departed.

The members of the cabinet who were present were advised privately of the affliction which had befallen the president's family, and they remained to offer their sympathy. The president had decided that it will be his duty to go to Canton at once if Mrs. McKinley was able to stand the journey and ordeal. It is not believed that the death of Mrs. McKinley's brother will prevent the president from keeping his engagements at Omaha exhibition and other places en route where he has made public engagements.

Clairvoyant Murdered.

Denver, Colo., Oct. 8.—Mrs. Julia Voght, a clairvoyant and medium, was found dead in her apartments on Champa street yesterday. She lay on the floor, her face downward. A twisted towel was tied tightly around her neck and there is no doubt she had been strangled to death. There is no clue to the murderer, but the police believe the deed was committed by the same stranger who murdered three women on Market street in this city in 1894.

William's Forethought.

Berlin, Oct. 8.—An imperial council was held at the palace on Thursday at which some of the rulers and princes of the German states took part. In view of the Emperor's visit to Jerusalem and the simultaneous absence of his brother, Prince Henry, his majesty stipulated that should misfortune befall him and that he could not direct the affairs of the government by telegraph, King Albrecht of Saxony should be the appointed regent.

FREE! A SOLID GOLD SHELL STONE SET RING, Warranted.
CURB CHAIN BRACELET WITH GENUINE
PADLOCK AND KEY



DON'T send money. Just your name and address on a Post Card, and we will send you post paid 30 packages of AROMATIC CACHOUS (which are a delicious confection to purify and perfume the breath) to sell for us, if you can, at 5 cents per package. When sold send us our money, \$1.00, and we will send you FREE for your trouble your choice of the 30 These are the handsomest and most costly free premiums ever offered by any house with a view to increase their sales. Any energetic person can sell the cachous in an hour or so.

Send us your name and address on a Post Card at once, state you wish Cachous, and mention this paper and we will send them (do not wait till others have sold ahead of you). No money required, we take all risk. Goods returnable if not sold. This is a clean business proposition by a company of high financial standing.

TISDALL SUPPLY CO.,
Snowdon Chambers,
TORONTO, Ont.

In Memory of Parnell.

Dublin, Oct. 9.—Most of the citizens of Dublin wore the ivy leaf today, it being the anniversary of the death of Charles Stewart Parnell. Thousands participated in the ceremonies at Glasnevin cemetery, the lord mayor and corporation, and delegates from the municipalities and all the chief towns of Ireland in full regalia taking part in the ceremony. It was headed by a floral car, bearing a bust of Parnell, almost buried in wreaths and garlands for the grave. The members of the Parnell family, many members of the house of commons, and deputations from various societies throughout the country were present. There were numerous bands, and a profusion of banners. The influx of people from the country district was enormous. The ceremony of depositing the wreaths upon the grave, though simple, was highly impressive.

One Hundred Drowned.

London, Oct. 4.—A special dispatch from Bombay says that a ferryboat was capsized today while crossing the Indus at Nittun-Kote, a town of the Punjab, on the west bank of the river, and 109 of the passengers were drowned.

Transport on Fire.

Santiago de Cuba, Oct. 4.—The United States transport Obdam, which left here on Sunday for New York with a large number of sick soldiers from Porto Rico on board, has returned with her bunkers on fire. The presence of fire was discovered yesterday at 10 in the morning, near the main hold which was at once flooded with tons of water, and a gang of men was put to work removing the ammunition, of which the ship carried a large supply. All the officers and soldiers who were well enough to do so, worked hard to extinguish the flames. Every means available is now being employed to extinguish the fire, and it is hoped she will be able to leave here again in three days' time. Surgeon Major Seaman reports all well on board.

The Lake Manitoba Railway & Canal Co.

Effective Friday, Sept. 23, 1898.

Going North—read down. Going South—read up

2nd Class	STATIONS.	2nd Class
Mix'd		Mix'd
No. 10		No. 2
M. on		Tues.
Fri.		Sat.
7 50	Winnipeg	22 35
10 15	Portage la Prairie	23 15
10 45	Macdonald	18 45
11 00	Westbourne	18 25
11 25	Woodside	17 55
11 50	Gladstone	17 30
12 30	Gladstone Junction	17 00
12 50	Ogilvie	16 30
13 25	Macdonald	16 05
14 00	Glennella	15 17
14 40	Glennella	14 50
15 10	Elliot	14 10
15 48	Laurier	13 35
16 15	Makinak	13 10
16 45	Ochre River	12 45
17 30	Dauphin	12 00
18 45	Valley River	9 28
19 17	Sifton	9 05
19 40	Fork River	8 25
20 13	Winnipegosis	8 00
20 50	Winnipeg	7 45

D. B. HANNA,
Superintendent.

Winnipeg.

CABLE NOTES.

London, Oct. 6.—It is stated on the best authority that the condition of Mr. Herbert Spencer is regarded by himself and friends as desperate. The aged philosopher is now past 78, and calmly regards the approach of death, making all final arrangements with characteristic composure and attention to details.

London, Oct. 6.—The Rev. Dr. Cunningham Geikie, the well known religious commentator and historian, is dead.

Some hats make a woman's face look long, but not half as long as her husband's when he gets the bill.

Manitoba & Northwestern Railway.

TIME TABLE.

Time Card, September 23, 1898.

	W. B. E. R.
Winnipeg, Lv. Tues. Thurs. Sat.	10 30
Winnipeg Ar. Mon. Wed. and Friday	21 10
Portage la Prairie, Lv. Tues. Thurs. Sat.	12 30
Portage la Prairie Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri.	19 20
Gladstone, Lv. Tues. Thurs. Sat.	14 05
Gladstone Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri.	17 55
Neepawa, Lv. Tues. Thurs. Sat.	15 00
Neepawa Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri.	16 30
Minneapolis, Lv. Tues. Sat.	15 55
Minneapolis Ar. Mon. Wed. Fri.	15 50
Minneapolis, Lv. Thursday	16 05
Rapid City, Ar. Thursday	17 10
Rapid City, Lv. Friday	14 00
Birtle, Lv. Tues. Sat.	18 45
Birtle, Ar. Thursday	20 50
Birtle, Lv. Mon. Wed.	13 30
Birtle, Ar. Friday	10 50
Birtle, Lv. Tues. Sat.	19 50
Birtle, Ar. Thursday	22 15
Birtle, Lv. Mon. and Wed.	11 30
Birtle, Ar. Friday	9 00
Russell, Ar. Thursday	23 00
Russell, Lv. Friday	8 15
Yorkton, Ar. Tues. Sat.	24 00
Yorkton, Lv. Mon. Wed.	7 20

Northern Pacific Ry.

TIME TABLE.

MAIN LINE.

Arr.	Arr.	Winnipeg	Lv.	Lv.
11 00a	1 30p	Winnipeg	1 05p	9 30a
7 55a	12 01a	Morris	2 25p	12 01p
5 15a	11 00a	Emerson	3 25p	2 45p
4 15a	10 55a	Pembina	3 35p	4 15p
10 20p	7 30a	Grand Forks	7 05p	7 05a
1 15p	4 05a	Winnipeg	10 45p	10 30p
3 50p	1 30p	Duluth	7 30a	
8 10p	11 00a	Minneapolis	6 30a	
7 30p	10 00a	St. Paul	7 15a	

MORRIS-BRANDON BRANCH.

Depart	Arrive
Mon. Wed. and Fri.	Tue. Thur. and Sat.
10 30 a. m.	Winnipeg
12 15 p. m.	Morris
1 18 p. m.	Roland
1 36 p. m.	Rosbank
1 50 p. m.	Miami
2 25 p. m.	Altamont
2 42 p. m.	Somerset
3 40 p. m.	Greenway
3 55 p. m.	Bakur
4 19 p. m.	Belmont
4 37 p. m.	Hilton
5 00 p. m.	Wawanesa
5 23 p. m.	Rounthwaite
6 00 p. m.	Brandon

Taking effect Dec. 7.—Direct connection at Morris with train No. 103 west bound, and train No. 104 east bound.

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE BRANCH.

Lv.	Arr.
4 45 p. m.	Winnipeg
7 30 p. m.	Portage la Prairie

CHAS. S. FEE, H. SWINFORD,
G. P. & T. A., St. Paul & Gen. Agt. Winnipeg.



5,000 Cured

Last year with my Famous

ELECTRIC BELT

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER.

To men suffering from any Weakness, Rheumatism, Varicocele, Nervousness, etc., send for my book which is **Sent Sealed Free**. It tells how I can cure the most stubborn cases without the use of **Drugs**.

Call and consult me **Free**—or if you do not live near enough write for the book to-day. Address

DR. D. T. SANDEN,

132 St. James Street, - Montreal.

MR. ALBERT E. LEWIS,

THE MISSING MONTREALER, IS IN YOKOHAMA.

Addresses a Letter to the Vancouver News-Advertiser in Which He Explains His Flight.

Vancouver, Oct. 7.—Albert E. Lewis, the prominent Montreal merchant, whose unaccountable disappearance months ago, caused so great a sensation all over Canada, has been heard from. He writes to the News-Advertiser from Yokohama, a statement which he asks should be published, "in justice to my wife." Here is the statement:

"Statement by A. E. Lewis.—I wish to make the following statement to the public:

"1. I now fully realize that my conduct in leaving home as I did, cannot be justified by any excuse real or fancied.

"2. That now, for the first time, I hear from my wife and see in print some of the base and malicious falsehoods published against a defenceless woman.

"3. As to the statement that she is not my wife, it is absolutely false and without foundation. I never was married before or since to any woman but Helen P. M. Lewis, and she is the only wife that I ever have had or ever will have.

"4. That the statement that our home life was unhappy and that my wife was the cause of my departure is as dastardly uncalculated and cruel an insinuation as can be conceived. My greatest regret in leaving was the parting from one who has proved herself the truest and best of wives.

"5. That I left with or on account of another woman is also untrue. I left under the influence of intense mental and physical pressure, caused by great financial disappointments and family worries, completely outside of my own home.

"6. That not until it was apparently too late, did I realize the full extent of the wrong I had done my perfectly innocent wife, and it seems that she who was so unjustly and unwarrantably wronged by myself, and maligned by cowardly and malicious individuals, is the only one who retained her faith and fought for me against all the world. Her devotion and indomitable pluck and perseverance are now known to everybody, so it needs no further words of mine to tell what she is and what she has done.

(Signed) ALBERT E. LEWIS, September 16th, 1898."

The above statement came from Japan on the steamer Yamaguchi. The letter was addressed to the editor of the News-Advertiser and the signature has been compared with the signature of Albert E. Lewis, which the police have. It is exactly the same and proves that no hoax has been attempted. Thus, at last the mystery of Montreal has been cleared up.

FROM BENNETT TO DAWSON

Police Are Now Stationed at Intervals of Thirty Miles.

Victoria, B.C., Oct. 10.—The Times says: The establishment of the chain of police stations along the Yukon from Lake Bennett to Dawson has been completed. On the last trip of the steamer Canadian up river Capt. Harper, commanding the Northwest Mounted Police, stationed five men at each post. They are provided with supplies for two years and have many dogs. The stations are thirty miles apart. The soldiers are to carry government dispatches up and down the river this winter and will work between posts. They are also instructed to give assistance in every way possible to the outcoming traveller. It is estimated that 8,000 people will come over the ice. To them the posts will be of inestimable value. They will not have to carry supplies or blankets as sleeping quarters will be provided for. The government mail carriers will also use the new police posts. They will carry the public mail while the soldiers rush through that which is intended for the government officials. A system of expressing has been inaugurated by the backers of the mail contractor and it will be possible to send packages into Dawson during the entire winter. The police have comfortable quarters, and travellers will find it easy coming out now that they can spend the evening around the police station fire and have a warm, comfortable bunk with good meals.

A Plucky Governor.

Springfield, Ill., Oct. 10.—Governor Tanner had a sharp controversy with Manager Lukes of the Chicago Virden Coal Co., in regard to the sending of troops to Virden where the operators have been planning the use of imported negroes to fill the places of the strikers. Manager Lukes said he proposed to import labor and would operate the mine if necessary at the muzzle of Winchester. Governor Tanner said he would not send troops to assist the operators in running their mines with imported labor, and if the operators attempted to enforce their ideas in regard to Winchester he would send the national guard to Virden and disarm them all. In regard to the situation at Pana, Governor Tanner said that if the operators persisted in employing imported labor he would withdraw the troops from that place.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Fort William, Oct. 8.—James Hammond, manager of the Hammond Gold Reef company, arrived from the Sawbill district today with another gold brick, worth \$1,000, being the result of two weeks' run of the mill. This result means that the mine is now a regular producer of gold to the value of \$2,000 per month, with a ten stamp mill.

Fort William, Oct. 9.—William Baxendale, a prominent farmer of Oliver township in this district, broke his neck today, causing instant death.

Winnipeg, Oct. 8.—One thousand three hundred and twenty-seven new settlers registered at immigration hall during last month.

Toronto, Oct. 5.—The judges who tried the South Ontario election case have reported seventeen men for corrupt practices. Under the law these men will be disqualified for eight years.

Montreal, Oct. 5.—Fire broke out this morning in the factory of the Montreal Spring and Axle, owned by B. J. Coughlan, at Stadacona and Marlboro streets. The fire started in the spring factory and was so far advanced when discovered that the firemen could do nothing more than confine it to the building in which it started. The spring factory with all its contents was entirely destroyed. The axle factory adjoining was slightly damaged. Mr. Coughlan estimates his loss at \$15,000 with insurance to the full amount. Cause of fire is unknown. Sixty men are thrown out of employment.

Sutton, Oct. 5.—John Joyce, aged 20 son of the section boss on the C.P.R., here, was riding a harnessed horse home tonight when the animal took fright and started, throwing Joyce to the ground. The lad's footing being entangled in the traces, the frightened animal dragged him about half a mile. Life was quite extinct when the body was found.

Victoria, B.C., Oct. 5.—Warton Walker, aged about twenty, who lived with his grandfather, Geo. Duttall, a Colwood farmer, committed suicide last evening, in mortification at his arrest on the charge of stealing a shot gun.

Ottawa, Oct. 4.—The minister of militia has ordered half the force in the Yukon, consisting of 100 men under the command of Major Evans, to proceed from Fort Selkirk to Dawson to take up quarters to be prepared by the interior department for the winter.

Merriton, Ont., Oct. 4.—While shunting cars at the Grand Trunk station here this morning Conductor William Jephson, of Niagara Falls, fell between the cars and the wheel passed over both legs. He died within an hour.

Vancouver, Oct. 4.—Lord William Seymour, recently appointed commander of the British forces in Canada, arrived this afternoon. Lord Seymour is making his first official inspection of Dominion defences.

Kingston, Oct. 4.—Wm. Leslie, of the Collins Bay Rafting company, has been awarded the contract of lifting the spans of the collapsed Cornwall railway bridge. It is said the figures of the tender were near \$25,000.

Montreal, Oct. 4.—Judge Desmoyers this morning sentenced six young roughs who admitted having robbed twenty-two houses and stores, to seven years in the penitentiary each. The lads ranged in age from 17 to 19 years.

Toronto, Oct. 4.—The Presbytery this afternoon is considering the call of Rev. W. J. McCaughin to Chicago. He came from Belfast a year ago. He is the most gifted preacher in the church here and receives a salary of \$4,500. A Chicago deputation urged his acceptance.

Kingston, Oct. 4.—This morning Hilton Bissell, cheese buyer for Alexander & Co. of Montreal, died at the general hospital from pneumonia. Deceased was a son of Howard Bissell, the well known Brockville cheese buyer. He was 21 years of age and a keen footballer. He was a member of the Granites and was among the first selected to play on Saturday in Montreal. Last summer he was a member of the Brockville Football club.

Fawcett's Challenge.

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—As far back as January last Gold Commissioner Fawcett issued a challenge to any one who had any evidence of wrong-doing in connection with his office, to produce it. On the 6th of that month he sent a report to Major Walsh, from which the following extract is taken: "People we have to deal with offer bribes on every hand and scandals were started even about our own office which reached such proportions that I posted up notices requesting any one who could bring evidence of any wrong-doing against any member of my office staff to send his name and address and I would appoint a time for investigation. Thus far no charge has been brought forward."

A Large Shipment.

Toronto, Oct. 10.—The largest shipment of dressed meat ever made from here went off today from the Davies company to Southampton, England. It consisted of 630,000 pounds of meat valued at \$64,000.

BUSINESS EXPANSION.

Significant Sequel to the Revenue and Trade Returns.

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—The returns recently published respecting the revenue and trade of the Dominion afford abundant evidence of the continued expansion of business. Additional evidence in the same line is furnished by some figures supplied today by Mr. Fielding, minister of finance. The circulation of the small Dominion notes of the denominations of one and two dollars is justly regarded as a very good indication of the volume of the business that is being done. When trade is slack the demand for these small notes fall off, when trade is brisk the circulation of the notes increases. A statement of the circulation of these small notes on the 30th of June last, showed an increase of \$632,182 above the figures at the close of the previous fiscal year. Large and gratifying as this increase was, the figures for the past three months afford even stronger evidence of the expansion of trade. The increase of circulation from the first of July last to the 30th of September was \$79,169. The amount of these notes in circulation on the 30th September was \$8,367,000, an increase of nearly a million and a half dollars in fifteen months.

MR. CLEMENT APPOINTED

As Legal Adviser to the Commissioner and Member of the Yukon Council.

Ottawa, Oct. 8.—F. C. Wade has been succeeded as a member of the Yukon council and legal adviser to the commissioner by W. H. P. Clement, a well known barrister of Toronto. Mr. Wade came out of the Yukon before Commissioner Ogilvie got there and before he was aware that to the duties of crown prosecutor had been added those of the new council. As a result of Mr. Wade's trip on the ice to Dawson last year he is suffering from a serious affection of the knee. When he arrived at Ottawa a short time ago the minister of the interior urged him to return to Dawson and take the new position to which he had been appointed. He did not give Mr. Sifton a definite answer for a day or two. On consulting his physician he was ordered not to return to Yukon for several months. Mr. Wade still retains his position as crown prosecutor and he will return to Dawson in the spring to resume his duties, but it was necessary to fill the place vacated by him as legal adviser and member of the council. His successor is Mr. Clement.

Charges Not Proved.

Victoria, Oct. 10.—The royal commission to inquire into payments by the late government of \$40,000 in connection with the new parliament buildings, was resumed and concluded today. Ex-Premier Turner made a long statement, maintaining that the amounts paid were by way of a compromise, owing to the impossibility of obtaining a settlement with the architect and contractors. The commissioner in conclusion remarked that the facts did not seem to be in dispute. It would appear as though the charges of wrongful payment have not been made good, although the amounts may have been paid without authority of the architect in charge of the work.

Yankee Corn.

Washington, Oct. 10.—The department of agriculture today issued a crop report in part as follows: The October report of the statistician of the average condition of corn on October first to have been 82 as compared with 84.1 on September first, with 77.1 on October first, 1897, and with 82.9 the mean of the October averages of the last ten years. Throughout the south the decline is general. The usual wheat report is withheld pending the result of further investigations.

Typos in Council.

Syracuse, N.Y., Oct. 9.—Over 1,500 delegates are in the city to attend the forty-fourth convention of the International Typographical Union, which will open tomorrow and continue until Friday. The first session will be held at 10 o'clock. The committee on shorter work day, has been in session today, and also conferred with a committee from the Pressmen's Union. The members of the committee hope that some definite result may be reached, which will enable them to reduce the work day to nine hours. The committee on laws has also been in session, and has considerable business in hand.

Dying Like Flies.

London, Oct. 10.—A dispatch to the Daily Chronicle from Alexandria says: "The troops who have returned from Khartoum are dying like flies from enteric disorders, supposed to be due to canned beef and indulgence in cheap spirits."

MUSIC

of every description at

COWAN'S Reliable Music House,

537 Main St., Winnipeg.

Mail orders promptly attended to.

AN AFFLICTED MOTHER.

NURSING HER DYING CHILD HER HEALTH GAVE WAY.

Anemia Followed by Neuralgic Pains Racked Her System—Her Friends Feared That She Could Not Recover.

From the Enterprise, Bridgewater, N.S.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Diehl, who live about one and a half miles from Bridgewater, are highly esteemed by a large circle of friends. Mrs. Diehl has passed through a trying illness, the particulars of which she recently gave a reporter of the Enterprise, as follows:—"In the spring of 1896 my health gave away. In addition to my ordinary household duties I had the constant care day and night of a sick child. In the hope of saving my little one, it did not occur to me that overwork, loss of sleep and anxiety were exhausting my strength. Finally my child passed away, and then I realized my physical condition. Shortly after I was attacked with neuralgic pains in the shoulder which shifted to my right side after three weeks and settled there. The pain in my side grew worse and after a few days I became unable to leave my bed. In addition to my bodily trouble I became melancholy and was very much reduced in flesh. My friends regarded my condition as dangerous. I remained in bed several weeks; to me it seemed ages. It is impossible to describe the agonies I suffered during that time. A skillful physician was in constant attendance upon me. He said mine was the worse case of anaemia and general neuralgia he had ever seen. After some weeks he succeeded in getting me out of bed and after a few more weeks I was able to do some light household work. But I was only a shadow of my former self; my appetite was very poor and that maddening pain still clung to my side and also spread to the region of the heart and lungs, darting through and about them like lances cutting the flesh. Every few days I had to apply croton oil and fly blisters to my chest, and had a bad cough. My friends gave up, thinking I had consumption. I, too, really thought my end was near, fearing mostly that the pains about my heart might take me off any day. During all my illness I had never thought of any medicine other than what my doctor prescribed. It happened, however, that in glancing over the Enterprise one day my eye fell upon the statement of a cure made by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The case resembled mine in some respects. I read and re-read the article. It haunted me for several days notwithstanding I tried to dismiss it from my mind. At last I asked the doctor whether he thought these pills would help me. He looked at me a moment and then remarked 'well, perhaps you had better try them. I believe they do work wonders in some cases and if they do not cure you they will certainly do no harm.' That remark opened to me the door of life, for had he said 'no' I should not have used the pills. When I had used two boxes I began to feel better, my appetite improved and there were less of those pains about the heart and chest. The cough too was less severe. I kept on till six boxes more were taken and to make a long story short, I was myself again, appetite good, spirits buoyant, pains gone and I could do my own work with comfort. I have been well ever since and have no doubt that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life, and restored me to my family. I am ever ready to speak their praises and in my heart am ever invoking God's blessing upon their discoverer.

Rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, nervous headache, nervous prostration and diseases depending upon humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc., all disappear before a fair treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexion, and build and renew the entire system. Sold by all dealers or sent post paid at 50c a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Do not be persuaded to take some substitute.

Three Great Nations.

Paris, Oct. 10.—L'Evenement today publishes the substance of an interview with Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, British secretary of state for the colonies, who is now in America, in which the English statesman is quoted as saying he considered the United States, owing to the recent war, to be in the same position as Great Britain in Egypt, adding that the United States has the same imperative duty to keep the Philippine Islands.

Mr. Chamberlain is said to have added: "The moment has arrived for the United States to prepare for an extension of territory and in order to realize this ideal she will not refuse Great Britain's support. United, Great Britain, the United States and Canada will be invulnerable."

The Last Session.

Quebec, Oct. 10.—Members of the international commission had their last meeting this morning. They adjourned at 11 o'clock and left afterwards on an excursion around the port of Quebec on the government steamer Druid, only two American delegates remaining in the city, Hons. Coolidge and Dingley, who leave for home today.

OVER THE DOMINION.

Toronto, Oct. 10.—A case of small pox is reported by the provincial health department in Camden township, Kent county, supposed to have originated in Detroit. Only one case has developed, but it is feared there may be others. All precautions possible have been taken to prevent an outbreak.

Vancouver, Oct. 9.—Hundreds of Indians of the Tanana, Mantasta and Copper River tribes are reported to be threatened with starvation, by prospectors from Copper River, who have arrived at Dawson. The natives depend on the salmon run on the Copper River for their winter supply of food. This year the salmon did not come.

Chatham, Oct. 10.—Edward Bagnan, of Dover township, was struck by a train at a crossing near the city and fatally injured.

Vancouver, Oct. 10.—This is American day at New Westminster exhibition and the cousins from across the line to about the number of 1,200 are taking in the sights. They arrived in a special train. Mayor Owens, the officers of the Royal Agricultural association, and many prominent citizens were on hand and extended the freedom of the Royal City.

P. W. Keyser, formerly of Montreal, was crushed to death by a log falling on him at Tait's logging camp on North Arm.

Lethbridge, Alta., Oct. 10.—A very sad accident occurred here today, by which the 4-year-old boy of W. S. Morris, of the Lethbridge Cartage company, lost his life. It appears the little fellow had wandered out into the kitchen in his night clothes, which by some means caught fire, and before it could be extinguished, he received injuries which resulted fatally.

Halifax, Oct. 10.—The steamer Harlaw, which arrived this morning from Newfoundland, brought \$30,000 worth of cheese and other goods saved from the wreck of the steamer Ganges at Ferrol. She also brought eight men of the wrecked steamer's crew. The Ganges was in a bad position when the Harlaw left, and will be a total wreck.

Brantford, Oct. 10.—Lott's tannery here was totally destroyed by fire today, involving a loss of five thousand dollars.

St. Thomas, Oct. 10.—Melvin Hind, aged 4, was fatally burned while playing with fire.

Sandwich, Oct. 10.—Wm. Long, aged 18, of Detroit, was drowned by the capsizing of a boat, while trying to reach the Canadian shore yesterday. His two companions were rescued.

Whitby, Oct. 10.—Ralph Johnston, aged 10, collided with a couple of other bicycle riders of the town and received fatal injuries.

Hamilton, Oct. 10.—The Canadian club, of this city, will have a Brock night next Thursday, when addresses will be given in commemoration of the battle of Queenstown Heights.

Quebec, Oct. 10.—The 12 year old son of Hon. Chas. Langelier died yesterday at Sherbrooke while undergoing an operation.

Galt, Oct. 10.—Wm. Armstrong, aged 32, living with his father, John Armstrong, hanged himself in his bedroom on Saturday afternoon with a halter. He was of unsound mind and about to be committed to an asylum.

Leamington, Ont., Oct. 10.—The Michigan Central railway round house was burned yesterday and with it an engine, coach and baggage car contained in it. The damage is about \$8,000. A curious feature in connection with the fire is that Engineer Cowles, who had been running the engine and cars burned between Chatham and Comber for many years, died Friday last, while his fireman, who was injured in a collision, died on Saturday.

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—The house of Prof. Robertson, dairy commissioner, was robbed of silverware, including some marriage presents, to the extent of \$300.

Ottawa, Oct. 10.—In the supreme court today the appeal, Queen vs. Ogilvie, was heard. The action was taken by the crown to recover money deposited in the Exchange Bank of Canada, under guarantee by respondent as director of the bank, by the deputy minister of finance for a hundred thousand dollars. The case was tried in the exchequer court at Montreal before Justice Davidson as judge ad hoc and dismissed. The crown now appeals asking judgment for \$77,377.

Winnipeg, Oct. 11.—Standard samples of this year's grain crops for official grain inspectors and for the department of inland revenue at Ottawa were sacked on Saturday in the presence of an officer of the inland revenue department, who affixed his seal to them and shipped them to their several destinations. The secretary of the standards board is now being kept busily engaged sending out standard samples of grain to the shippers of grain throughout the province.

The Crow's Nest Pass coal, which is now being placed on the Winnipeg market, is said to have proved of good quality in tests made with it in the ordinary stove.

Man was made to mourn and some men seem to think they must put in all their time at it.

NOTICE

TO THE PUBLIC: We have without exception the largest stock of Men's Underwear in section of the country. Those who have not seen it will do well to call and inspect them before purchasing elsewhere. For example, we will sell you a good fancy stripe wool suit for \$1.00 per suit. In TIES we excel all competitors at prices away down—from 10c up. In DRESS GOODS we have a good stock of nobby varieties and dress lengths in the most desirable colors and qualities.

Our Men's Overcoats are from \$4 up. Be sure and see them--all SPECIAL VALUE. We also carry goods in general

Crockery, Glassware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, and a first class stock of Groceries.

OUR 3 LBS. TEA FOR A DOLLAR CAN'T BE BEATEN

Call and see our stock, not because of old friendship, but because we sell goods right
Our Motto: "First class goods at rock bottom prices."

Yours, ever willing to show goods,

C. T. Bailey & Co.

Wheat 52 cents.

W. T. Thompson's new addition to his house is now being veneered.

Word received from Mr. C. Podham states that he is slowly recovering and expects to be up again about the end of the month.

Mr. G. S. Davidson has moved into the terrace. Mrs. J. Price has returned from Indian Head and occupies the house vacated by Mr. Davidson.

Mr. Grievie has brought two large turnips to this office, weighing twelve and eight pounds. He would like to know if anyone has any heavier ones.

Rev. S. W. Thomson attended the meeting of presbytery in Indian Head this week.

E. E. Law, T. J. Wilson, D. S. McCannell and Misses Beveridge and Davidson attended the Teacher's Convention at Indian Head last Friday and Saturday.

The Bishop of Qu'Appelle passed through town on Monday on his way home. He had been officiating at Abernethy, Kesteven and Fort Qu'Appelle on Sunday last.

The Harvest Home services which were held in the English church last Sabbath were very largely attended.

Mrs. Hartley Gisborne, who has been visiting in Lethbridge for several weeks, returned home last night.

A special meeting of Presbytery was held at Indian Head on Monday night for the purpose of forwarding the call of the Presbyterian church to Rev. T. McAfee.

The head law continues in force till Oct. 30th of each year. There have been several opinions expressed in regard to the time during the past week.

It is said Dr. Henderson has raised the biggest potatoes in town.

The other day a man that sells cigars complained that he should not have to pay a tax for destroying noxious weeds. A councillor's answer was that he should not keep such poor cigars, then.

Something new in the line of entertainments will be given in the town hall, Tuesday, the 25th of October. It is causing considerable interest and promises to bring out a crowded house. If you are an admirer of any of the numerous characters to be presented you will have an opportunity of seeing them in real life. See posters.

A number of American soldiers were killed at Bear Island, Minnesota, last week by Indians in ambush.

Our snow is nearly all gone.

Read the new ads. All that is in them is genuine. A trial will prove it.

What are to be the winter amusements? "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy" will relate to the rest of us. Something pleasant, mixed up with something profitable would be the best. There is talent in Qu'Appelle for a first class literary society.

The Hamby-Wylie entertainment will be given in the town hall on Monday evening, Oct. 25th. Wylie is a droll Irishman. His comical and witty Irish songs and recitations will make you laugh till your sides ache. See large posters.

\$62,000 was stolen from the Melton's Bank, Winnipeg, last week. There is no clue to the thief as yet.

W. S. Moore left here last Saturday with three carloads of young cattle, the property of Mr. Bell Irving. He will take them to Cochrane, Alberta, where they will be wintered.

Lieut. Governor Forget passed through town on Tuesday morning's train en route to Regina.

The outside of the postoffice has received another coat of paint.

A cellar has been dug under the felt factory and a furnace will be put in for the heating of the building.

Church of England service will be held next Sunday at Mr. Cooper's, Vernon.

Ven. Archdeacon Sargent left on Tuesday for a short visit to officiate in the marriage of Mr. George Grant and Miss Williams. He was accompanied by his son, Mr. John Sargent.

Mr. Bulys is in Regina.

Next Tuesday evening a meeting will be held in the school house, at 8 O'clock, to consider the opening of a night school. All that are in any way interested, come, and arrangements regarding rates and hours will be made to suit. Win. Henley.

And, McPhee's Big Co. will be in the Town Hall, Oct. 20th and will play "A Husband's Mistakes."

Mr. J. S. Macdonald, Telegraph Inspector for this district returned from his annual trip of inspection, on Saturday evening last. In another column will be found an interesting description by him of some of the things he noticed on his journey.

Prohibition is said to be defeated, on the Plebiscite vote, but there is nothing official yet.

The Manitoba Northwestern railway has changed hands and it is supposed the C. P. R. is the real owner.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Whittingham, died yesterday of lung trouble from which it had been ailing for some time. The funeral took place this afternoon. The parents have the deepest sympathy of the community in their sad bereavement.

A COMPLETE SUPPLY



Of everything in Drugs, Patent Medicines, Stationery, Jewelry and Fancy Goods on hand for the winter.

All kinds of Tonic Preparations at THE QU'APPELLE DRUG & STATIONERY CO.'S STORE.

A PLEASED CUSTOMER.



How's Your Clothes Line?

Our line is most extensive. If you need anything, then we want to get together. We can please you with material, fit and prices, and would like nothing better than to try. You can please us with an order.

All the latest...
WOOL VESTS
COSTUME CLOTHES
In dress lengths
BLOUSES, WRAPPERS
UNDERVESTS, Etc.

For fall wear, we have at prices to suit. Yours most anxious to please.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP.

WM. JOHNSTON,

Headquarters for

Hardware,
Stoves
Cutlery,

and everything in the Tin and Granite-ware line.

Call and see my new get-up of

Lanterns

Nothing to beat it on the market.

FARMS FOR SALE

IN THE

Edgeley District

NEAR QU'APPELLE

STATION

GOOD SOIL and

WELL WATERED.

Payments extended over ten years, if required. Parties can be taken over the lands at any time by giving notice beforehand, and all particulars will be supplied by

W. C. CAMERON,

Edgeley Farm,

Edgeley P. O.

Ocean Steamships.

ROYAL MAIL LINES.

Cheapest and quickest route to the Old Country.

		From New York
Campania	Cunard Line	Sep. 17
Umbria	Cunard Line	" 24
Lucania	Cunard Line	Oct. 1
Ettoria	Cunard Line	" 8
Anchoria	Anchor Line	Sep. 17
Funchia	Anchor Line	" 24
City of Rome	Anchor Line	Oct. 8
		From Montreal
Laurentian	Allan Line	Sep. 15
Californian	Allan Line	" 22
Numidian	Allan Line	" 26
Parisian	Allan Line	Oct. 6
Gallia	Beaver Line	Sep. 15
Lake Ontario	Beaver Line	" 24
Tongaroo	Beaver Line	" 21
Lake Huron	Beaver Line	Oct. 8
Vancouver	Dominion Line	Sep. 17
Yorkshire	Dominion Line	" 24
Dominion	Dominion Line	Oct. 1
Labrador	Dominion Line	" 8

Cabin \$40, \$45, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80, upwards. Intermediate \$30 to \$35. Steerage \$24.50 and upwards.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland, and at specially low rates to all parts of the European Continent. Prepaid passages arranged from all points. Apply to the Station Agent, Qu'Appelle.

Or to WILLIAM STITT,

General Agent, Winnipeg

CREAMER & GRAY.

DEALERS IN

American and Canadian Wagons, CARRIAGES, BUCKBOARDS, HORSE RAKES, Plows and Bicycles,

HARROWS, TWINE, BARB WIRE, Etc. Agents for McCormick's REAPERS, AND MOWERS, SYLVESTER DRILLS. Full stock of repairs always on hand. Office and Warehouse, Main st., one door north of Caswell & Co., Qu'Appelle Sta., Assa.

TAILORING

Latest Fashions. Perfect Fits.

Prices Cheap. Good Workmanship.

A choice collection of samples to select from.

English and Canadian Tweeds, Serges, Panting, Worsted, and Overcoating.

Everybody likes to be dressed well. Leave your order and get a good fit.

J. A. TRUSLER,

Main St., Qu'Appelle Station

McCAUL & HARVEY,

LUMBER . .
COAL & . . .
INSURANCE
AGENTS. . .

Yard Full of Stock of Every Kind of BUILDING MATERIAL. Agents for the Dominion Building & Loan Association, Toronto, Ont.

Have a Look at Our \$13 Sheathing.

NEW Feed, Sale & Exchange STABLES

Cor. Pacific avenue and Walsh street.

First-class accommodation and obliging attendants. Charges moderate.

S. T. GIBSON, Proprietor.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

EAST VIA THE LAKE ROUTES

STEAMERS LEAVE FT. WILLIAM:
ALBERTA... Every Friday.
ATHABASCA... Sunday.
MANITOBA... Tuesday.

Trains from Qu'Appelle connect at Winnipeg with steamboat express leaving every Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 10.30, making direct connection with steamers.

One way and round trip tickets at greatly reduced rates.

To the Klondyke via Wrangell and Skaguay at cheapest rates.

Sailings from VANCOUVER and VICTORIA

Rosalie	Sept.
Cottage City	"
Teas	"
Alki	"
City of Seattle	"
Topeka	"
Amur	"
Rosalie	"
Garonne	"

C.P.R. connection through from Vancouver to Dawson City in 10 days.

Apply to nearest C.P.R. agent, or to ROBERT KERR, Traffic Manager, Winnipeg

CITY MEAT MARKET.

\$

D. BROWN, (Successor to R. Johnston.)

Wholesale and Retail BUTCHER

HIGHEST market price paid for Prime Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Poultry.
Pork (fresh and salt), Mild Cured Breakfast Bacon, Spice Holi, Smoked Hams, Shoulders, Bologna and Pork Sausages, Potatoes and Cabbages, good and large. Fresh salmon a specialty.
Our motto: Quality, Cleanliness and Civility.
Call and See us.

Main Street, Qu'Appelle Station, Assa.